THE COLUMBIAN

COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH AND COLUMBIAN CONSOLIDATED.)

Issued weekly, every Friday morning, at BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

At TWO DOLLARS per year, payable in advance, or during the year. After the expiration of the year, $2.50 will be charged. To subscribers out of the county the terms are $2 per year strictly in advance—$2.25 if not paid in advance and $3.00 if payment be delayed beyond the year

No paper discontinued, except at the option of the Publisher, until all arrearages are paid, but long continued credits after the expiration of the first year will not be given.

All papers sent out of the State, or to distant post offices, must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.

POSTAGE is no longer exacted from subscribers in the county.

JOB PRINTING.

The Jobbing Department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete, and our Job Printing will compare favorably with that of the large cities. All work done on demand, neatly and at moderate prices.

The Columbian.

C. R. BROCKWAY, G. E. ELWELL, } Editors and Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 24, 1875.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. IX, NO. 51
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. XL, NO. 45

RATES OF ADVERTISING

One inch, (twelve lines or its equivalent in Nonpareil type) one or two insertions, $1.50; three insertions, $2.00.

SPACE.	1w.	2w.	3w.	6m.	1y
One inch	$2.50	$3.00	$4.00	$6.00	$10.00
Two inches	3.50	5.00	7.00	9.00	15.00
Three inches	5.00	7.00	9.00	12.00	18.00
Four inches	7.00	9.00	11.00	15.00	25.00
Quarter column	10.00	12.00	14.00	20.00	34.00
Half column	15.00	18.00	20.00	27.00	60.00
One column	25.00	30.00	40.00	60.00	100.00

Yearly advertisements payable quarterly. Transient advertisements must be paid before inserted except where parties have accounts.

Legal advertisements two dollars per inch for three insertions, and at that rate for additional insertion without reference to length.

Executor's, Administrator's and Auditor's Notices three dollars.

Transient or Local notices, twenty cents a line. Regular advertisements half rates.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, $1.00 dollar per year for each line.

Columbia County Official Directory.

President Judge—William Elwell.
Associate Judges—Ivan Derr, Isaac S. Monroe.
Prothonotary, &c.—B. Frank Zarr.
Register & Recorder—Williamson H. Jacoby.
District Attorney—John M. Clark.
Sheriff—Michael Grower.
Surveyor—Isaac Dewitt.
Treasurer—John Snyder.
Commissioners—William Lawton, John Herner, John Ent.
Commissioners' Clerk—William Krickbaum.
Auditors—C. J. Campbell, S. E. Smith, David Yost.
Coroner—Charles G. Murphy.
Jury Commissioners—Jacob H. Fritz, William H. Utt.
County Superintendent—William H. Snyder.
Bloom Poor District—Directors—O. P. Ent, Scott, Wm. Kramer, Bloomsburg and Thomas Creveling, Esq., O. P. Ent, Secretary.

Bloomsburg Official Directory.

Bloomsburg Banking Company—John A. Funston, President; H. H. Greer, Cashier.
First National Bank—Charles R. Paxton, President; J. P. Austin, Cashier.
Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association—R. H. Little, President, C. W. Miller, Secretary.
Bloomsburg Building and Saving Fund Association—Wm. Peacock, President, J. B. Robbins, Secretary.
Bloomsburg Mutual Saving Fund Association—J. J. Brower, President, C. G. Barkley, Secretary.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

BAPTIST CHURCH.

Rev. J. P. Austin, (Supply.)
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Seats free. The public are invited to attend.

ST. MATTHEW'S LUTHERAN CHURCH.

Minister—Rev. J. Mecron.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Seats free. No pews rented. All are welcome.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Minister—Rev. Stuart Mitchell.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Seats free. No pews rented. Strangers welcome.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

Presiding Elder—Rev. N. S. Buckingham.
Minister—Rev. J. H. McCarrah.
Sunday Services—10½ and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—2 p. m.
Bible Class—Every Monday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Young Men's Prayer Meeting—Every Tuesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
General Prayer Meeting—Every Thursday evening 7 o'clock.

REFORMED CHURCH.

Corner of Third and Iron streets.

Pastor—Rev. T. F. Hoffmeier.
Residence—East street, opp. Third street.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 7 p. m.
Sunday School—3 p. m.
Prayer Meeting—Saturday, 7 p. m.
All are invited. There is always room.
Services every Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock at deller's church, Madison township.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.

Rector—Rev. John Hewitt.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m., 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
First Sunday in the month, Holy Communion. Services preparatory to Communion on Friday evening before the 1st Sunday in each month.
Pews rented; but everybody welcome.
Persons desiring to consult the Rector on religious matters will find him at the parsonage on Rock Street.

EVANGELICAL CHURCH.

Presiding Elder—Rev. A. L. Reeser.
Minister—Rev. J. A. Irvine.
Sunday Service—3 p. m., in the Iron Street Church.
Prayer Meeting—Every Sabbath at 2 p. m.
All are invited. All are welcome.

BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY.

SCHOOL ORDERS, blank, just printed and neatly bound in small books, on hand and for sale at the COLUMBIAN office. Feb. 19, 1875-tf

BLANK DEEDS, on Parchment and Linen Paper, common and for Administrators, Executors and trustees, for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN Office.

MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES just printed and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office. Ministers of the Gospel and Justices should supply themselves with these necessary articles.

JUSTICES and Constables' Fee-Bills for sale at the COLUMBIAN office. They contain the correct fees as established by the last Act of the Legislature upon the subject. Every Justice and Constable should have one.

VENDUE NOTES just printed and for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN office.

CLOTHING, &C.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor Main St., above Central Hotel.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

HENRY KLEIM, Manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes, groceries, etc., Main st., East Bloomsburg.

E. M. KNORR, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, latest and best styles, corner Main and Market streets, in the old post office.

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &C.

C. E. SAVAGE, Dealer in Clocks, Watches and Jewelry, Main st., just below the Central Hotel.

MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS.

MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

H. C. HOWER, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Main street, above Court House.

S. H. MILLER & SON, dealers in Dry Goods, groceries, queensware, flour, salt, shoes, notions, etc., Main street.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

E. IKELER, Attorney at Law, Rooms in Exchange Block, 2d floor, Bloomsburg, Pa. 68

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician, Office S. E. corner Rock and Market streets.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side of Main street, above J. K. Ent's.

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market.

J. B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law. Office in Hartman's building, Main street.

SAMUEL JACOBY, Marble and Brown Stone Works, East Bloomsburg, Berwick Road.

H. ROSENSTOCK, Photographer, over Clark & Wolf's Store, Main street.

DR. H. C. HOWER, Surgeon Dentist, Main st., above the Court House.

J. H. MAIZE, Mammoth Grocery, fine Groceries, Fruits, Nuts, Provisions, &c., Main and Centre streets.

MISCELLANEOUS.

I. S. KUHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc., Centre street, between Second and Third.

C. M. CHRISTMAN, Saddle, Trunk and Harness maker, Shive's Block, Main street.

THOMAS WEBB, Confectionery and Bakery, wholesale and retail, Exchange Block.

G. W. CORELL, Furniture Rooms, three-story brick, Main street, west of Market st.

D. W. ROBBINS, Liquor dealer, second door from the northwest corner Main and Iron streets.

CATAWISSA.

WM. H. ABBOTT, Attorney-at-Law, Main street.

B. F. DALLMAN, Merchant Tailor, Second street, Robbins' building.

DR. E. W. RUTTER, PHYSICIAN & SURGEON, Office, on Main street, Mar. 27, 74—y Catawissa, Pa.

WM. L. EYERLY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Catawissa, Pa.

Collections promptly made and remitted. Office opposite Catawissa Deposit Bank. 6m-38

VULCAN IRON WORKS, DANVILLE, MONTOUR COUNTY, PA.

WILLIAM H. LAW, Manufacturer of Wrought Iron Bridges, Boilers, Gasholder, Fireproof Buildings, Wrought Iron Roofing, Roofing Frames, Flooring and Doors, Farm Gates and Fencing, also Wrought Iron Piping, Stacks and all kinds of Smith Work, &c. Repairs promptly attended to. N. B.—Drawings and Estimates supplied. Oct. 8, 1875—tf

ESPY STEAM FLOURING MILL, ESPY, PA.

STOUT & BREISCH, PROPRIETORS.

General dealers in Flour, Grain, &c. Custom done to order. 6m &c. Cus

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DR. A. L. TURNER, Residence on Market Street one door below D. J. Waller's.

Office over Kleim's Drug Store. Office hours from 1 to 4 p. m. for treatment of diseases of the Eye, Ear and Throat.

All calls night or day promptly attended to. Apr. 23'75-tf

DR. J. C. RUTTER, PHYSICIAN & SURGEON, Office, North Market street, Mar. 27, 74—y Bloomsburg, Pa.

DR. B. F. GARDNER, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Office above J. Schuyler & Son's Hardware Store. Apr. 23'75-tf

C. G. BARKLEY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Office: Main Street, Brower's Building, Second story, Rooms 4 and 5. Oct. 15, '75.

SAMUEL KNORR, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, BLOOMSBURG, PA. Office, Hartman's Block, corner Main and Market Streets. Oct. 8, '75

C. W. MILLER, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1. Bloomsburg, Pa. July 1, '73—y

C. R. & W. J. BUCKALEW, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Bloomsburg, Pa. Office on Main Street, first door below Court House. Mar. 6, 74—y

R. F. & J. M. CLARK, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Bloomsburg, Pa. Office in Ent's Building. April 10, 74—y

A. CREVELING SMITH. HERVEY EWING SMITH.

A. CREVELING SMITH & SON, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Bloomsburg, Pa. All business entrusted to our care will receive prompt attention. July 1, 73—y

R. H. LITTLE. ROB'T. R. LITTLE.

E. H. & R. R. LITTLE, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Bloomsburg, Pa. Business before the U. S. Patent Office attended to. Office in the Columbian Building. 1y—38

BROCKWAY & ELWELL, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa. Members of the United States Law Association. Collections made in any part of America. Agents for Continental Life Insurance Company of New York. Assets nearly $7,000,000. The best in the country. Send for descriptive pamphlet. tf

E. E. ORVIS, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Will practice in all the courts of Columbia, Sullivan and Lycoming counties, in the Supreme court of Pennsylvania, and in the Circuit and District courts of the United States held at Williamsport, Pa. Will be in his office in the Columbian building, room No. 2, Bloomsburg, on Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Thursdays of each week; and in Benton on Mondays, Fridays and Saturdays, unless absent on professional business. Sept. 18, 1875.

FREAS BROWN'S INSURANCE AGENCY. Exchange Hotel, Bloomsburg, Pa.

	Capital.
Ætna, Ins Co., of Hartford, Connecticut	6,500,000
Liverpool, London and Globe	29,000,000
Royal of Liverpool	12,700,000
Lancashire	10,000,000
Fire Association, Philadelphia	3,100,000
American of Philadelphia	1,100,000
Atlas of Hartford	500,000
Wyoming, of Wilkes Barre	221,000
Farmers Mutual of Danville	1,000,000
Danville Mutual	75,000
Home, New York	5,000,000
	$61,968,000

March 26, 74—y

MISCELLANEOUS.

C. M. BROWN, Dealer in BOOTS AND SHOES. TOMAHA Boots a specialty. Repairing done at short notice. Under Brown's Hotel, Bloomsburg. Oct. 8, '75-1y

CENTRAL HOTEL, A FIRST-CLASS HOUSE, Oct. 8, '75-1y JOHN LAYCOCK, Prop'r.

C. M. DRINKER, GUN and LOCKSMITH. Sewing Machines and Machinery of all kinds repaired. OPERA HOUSE Building, Bloomsburg, Pa. Oct 1, '75-1y

R. M. TUBBS, WHOLESALE DEALER IN BURNING AND LUBRICATING OILS. Office in Maize's Building, corner Main and Centre streets, BLOOMSBURG, PENNA. Orders solicited and promptly filled. Oct. 8, '75-1y

DENTISTRY. H. C. HOWER, DENTIST,

Respectfully offers his professional services to the ladies and gentlemen of Bloomsburg and vicinity. He is prepared to attend to all the various operations in the line of his profession, and is provided with the latest improved PORCELAIN TEETH, which will be inserted on gold plating, silver and rubber base to look as well as the natural teeth. Teeth extracted by all the new and most approved methods, and all operations on the teeth carefully and properly attended to.

Office a few doors above the Court House, same side. Oct. 8 '75

E. J. THORNTON would announce to the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity that he has just received a full and complete assortment of WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES, FIXTURES, CORDS, TASSELS, and all other goods in his line of business. All the newest and most approved patterns of the day are always to be found in his establishment, Main street, below Market. oct. 8, '75

EXCHANGE HOTEL, Opposite the Court House, BLOOMSBURG, PA. The LARGEST and BEST in all respects in the county W. B. KOONS, Oct. 8, '75-1y Proprietor.

BROWN'S HOTEL, BLOOMSBURG, PA. B. STOHNER, Proprietor.

Accommodations First Class—$1.50 to $1.75 per day. RESTAURANT ATTACHED. Large, Airy Sample Rooms on 1st Floor. A good stable in rear of Hotel. Bloomsburg, Oct. 8 1875-tf.

DEBTORS TO THE COLUMBIAN. Persons indebted to the undersigned for subscription to the COLUMBIAN are hereby informed that they must at any time settle the accounts due by them to me with E. E. Orvis, Esq., at room No. 2, Columbian building. After February court, the extra fifty cents per year will in all cases be added. Persons owing to cents for advertising and job work are informed that settlement must be made by payment or note, within 10 days, or they will be placed in the hands of a justice for immediate collection. H. L. DIEFFENBACH

E. L. Myers is no longer authorized to collect for the COLUMBIAN or to receive money for me. Dec 10, '75-tf.

CARRIAGE

MANUFACTORY

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

M. C. SLOAN & BROTHER

HAVE on hand and for sale at the most reasonable rates a splendid stock of

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES,

and every description of Wagons both PLAIN and FANCY,

Warranted to be made of the best and most durable materials, and by the most experienced workmen. All work sent out from the establishment will be found to be of the highest class and sure to give perfect satisfaction. They have also a fine assortment of SLEIGHS

of all the newest and most fashionable styles well and carefully made and of the best material.

An inspection of their work is asked as it is believed that none superior can be found in the country. Oct. 8, 1875—tf.

KEYSTONE CARRIAGE WORKS!

BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

A. S. CROSSLEY has on hand and for sale cheaper than the cheapest, for cash, or will exchange for old Wagons on reasonable terms,

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, AND WAGONS

of every description both plain and fancy.

Portable Top Buggies, open Buggies, Plain and Fancy Platform Spring Wagons all of the latest style and made of good material and fully warranted.—Give me a call before purchasing elsewhere, as I cannot be undersold. I claim that I make the best wagons for the least money.

I also do painting, trimming and repair old work at the shortest notice, old springs welded and warranted to stand or no pay. I will exchange a portable top buggy for any kind of lumber, such as hemlock, pine, ash, lime hickory and poplar delivered at my shop by the first of February, 1875. Ironsdale orders taken and McKelvy, Neal & Co's for repairs as cash. A. S. CROSSLEY. Oct. 8, 1875.

The Great Cause of Human Misery. *Just published in a sealed envelope. Price 6 cts.*

A LECTURE on the nature, treatment and Radical Cure of seminal weakness, spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Nervousness, Involuntary emissions, Impediments to marriage generally, consumption, epilepsy and fits; mental and physical incapacity, &c., by ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the Green Book &c.

The world-renowned author in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of self abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps. Address the Publishers,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO., 127 Bowery, New York, Post Office Box 4,586. April 16, '75—y

BLOOMSBURG TANNERY.

G. A. HERRING

RESPECTFULLY announces to the public that he has reopened

SNYDER'S TANNERY, (old stand) Bloomsburg, Pa., at the Forks of the Espy and Light Street roads, where all descriptions of leather will be made in the most substantial and workmanlike manner, and sold at prices to suit the times. The highest price in cash will at all times be paid for

GREEN HIDES

of every description in the country. The public patronage is respectfully solicited. Bloomsburg Oct. 1, 1875.

HARMAN & HASSERT.

FOUNDERS, MACHINISTS, AND IRON-SMITHS.

East Street, below Rail Road, BLOOMSBUG, PA.

We respectfully call public attention to the following facts that: They manufacture first class

MINE CAR WHEELS AND AXLES

and all kinds of Coal Breaker Castings. They also make all kinds of Car, Machine, Bridge and other castings used by contractors generally. They also manufacture

HEATING AND COOK STOVES,

and are prepared to furnish all kinds of repairs, such as Grates, Lids, Fire Brick, Stretchers, &c. They keep constantly on hand

PLOWS AND PLOW POINTS.

Large Iron Kettles, Farmers' Bells, Sled Soles, Wagon Boxes, Cellar Grates, &c. They are also prepared to furnish

Saw and Grist Mill Machinery,

Shafting, Pulley's, &c. They pay special attention to

Repairing Threshing Machines

Reapers, &c. The Proprietors are both practical mechanics. Try them. Dec. 3, 1875-6m

LOUIS BERNHARD, Dealer in ELGIN WATCHES, CLOCKS, Silverware, Watches and Jewelry, BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Gold and Silver Watches, of American and Foreign manufacture.

Silver and Plated Ware, Clocks. FINE JEWELRY, &C., &C. REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING Promptly Executed. Oct. 8, '75-1y

NOTICE. All persons indebted to the undersigned on Book Account prior to June 1st 1875, are requested to call and settle by note or otherwise before January 1st, 1876, as after that all unsettled accounts will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection. T. J. SWISHER, M. D.

Having associated with me Dr. Wm. McKelvy, we are prepared to attend promptly to all professional calls in Medicine, Surgery, and Obstetrics. Public patronage is respectfully solicited. SWISHER & McKELVY. Jerseytown, Nov. 19—6w.

Poetical.

BY-AND-BY.

What will it matter by-and-by,
Whether my path below was bright,
Whether it wound through dark or light,
Under a gray or golden sky,
When I look back on it, by-and-by?

What will it matter, by-and-by,
Whether, unhelped, I toiled alone,
Dashing my foot against a stone,
Missing the charge of the angel nigh,
Bidding me think of the by-and-by?

What will it matter by-and-by,
Whether with dancing Joy I went
Down through the years with a gay content,
Never believing,—nay, not I,—
Tears would be sweeter by-and-by?

What will it matter by-and-by,
Whether with cheek to cheek I've lain
Close by the pallid angel, Pain,
Soothing myself, through sob and sigh,
"All will be clearer, by-and-by?"

What will it matter—Naught, if I
Only am sure the way I've trod,
Gloomy or gladdened, leads to God,
Questioning not of the how, the why,
If I but reach him, by-and-by?

What will I care for the unshared sigh,
If, in my fear of lapse or fall,
Close I have clung to Christ through all,
Mindless how rough the road might lie,
Sure He will smoothen it by-and-by.

What will it matter by-and-by?
Nothing but this:—That Joy or Pain
Lifted me skyward—helped me to gain,
Whether through rack, or smile or sigh,
Heaven—Home—All in All—by-and-by!

—Mrs. Preston.

Miscellaneous.

Story of an Elephant.

Elephants have a decided liking for military life. Various regiments whilst serving in the east have had such an animal, which often rendered good service to the corps to which he might be attached. The king's rangers at one time were in possession of a fine male of enormous size, which for many years was never once absent from parade. As soon as the bugle sounded, he would walk majestically to the place of muster, and take up his position at the right of the column. If the mahout or driver presented himself, the elephant would lift him on to his shoulders by means of his trunk, and evidently without the slightest effort to himself; but, if left to his own unaided intelligence, he obeyed the ordinary words of command without ever making a mistake, such as: "Right face," "March," "Mark time," "Halt." He insisted at all times on giving help to the men whenever they were engaged in loading or unloading baggage, and was evidently pleased to be allowed to make himself generally useful. When the wagons were impeded on the march, as it not unfrequently happened, Jock was duly sensible of his own importance, for by his enormous strength he would push a heavy load up a steep peclevity, which six or eight oxen failed to do without his assistance.

It happened that the rangers were suddenly ordered to embark for China and there was no accommodation for taking Jock on shipboard. To the great disappointment of the men, the authorities decided that he should be left in India. He was, however, permitted to accompany the regiment as far as the quay, to watch the troops as they went on board, many of whom had a parting word of kindness for their old comrade. "Good-by, old man"—"poor old Jock"—were repeated, with many variations, both by officers and men. Meanwhile the animal watched the proceedings with great apparent interest, as wondering when his turn would come to go on board. But when the vessel steamed off and left him ashore, he became frantic with rage and disappointment. It had been proposed that he should be transferred to another corps, but he most persistently refused to have anything to do with it. Neither the coaxing nor the threats of his mahout were of any avail. Though he had previously manifested the gentlest disposition, he now threateningly withstood all kindly advances on the part of his would be comrades, and at length so savage did he become that it was deemed expedient to place him in confinement. Even the mahout himself was several times placed in a very awkward predicament, and on one occasion barely escaped with his life. No means could be found to assuage the grief or to calm the anger of this faithful creature, who so constantly mourned the loss of his friends. But in less than two years the Rangers came back to their old quarters, and were informed of the melancholy change which had come over their old comrade.

"No go neer—no touch, sahib: he strike hard," said the mahout; "he kill."

"Why, Jock, my boy," said a young officer, formerly one of his special friends, "why, what's the matter?"

The animal pricked up his ears and instantly recognized the voice, which was proved by his manifesting unmistakable signs and sounds of joy. It was quite affecting to see, when once more he was permitted freely to repair to the parade ground, with what kindly recognition he embraced many of his companions, placing his trunk tenderly on their neck and shoulders. I need hardly say he was at once reinstated in his old regimental post, the duties of which he recommenced to discharge as if no interruption had taken place.—*Chamber's Journal.*

Flowers for the Dead.

When life is over, its battles fought, its hopes, and fears and sorrows ended, and no more need nor opportunity remains for hun an cheer and friendliness to kindle the glazed eye or thrill the heart that has ceased to beat, then the elegant casket is provided, and the sweetest and costliest flowers are heaped around. Their language is eloquent of tenderness and sympathy, speaking more than lips or tears can utter of garnered affections, and surrenderen ties and broken hopes. As the funeral hour arrives, how many friends appear; every room is crowded by an unwonted presence. More flowers are brought; their perfume loads the air with a heavy sweetness, and when at last the narrow hearse receives its occupant, loving hands still cast in the flowers, the last sacrifice the heart can offer.

It is well. Who shall forbid the flowers? Who shall desecrate the best sentiments of humanity by crying. "Why all this waste?" And yet could those eyelids move, could those eyes behold the friendly crowd, that marble face feel the dropping tear, would not that oft discouraged heart have great surprise in knowing that so many really cherish such regard? And if the flowers could speak, would they not ask: "Why did not you scatter us before-hand along the paths of the living? Why not have suffered us to tell of your affection while the ear could listen; to delight the admiring eye when it could appreciate? Why not oftener, before this, have filled the house with the fragrance of your kindly sympathies? You came to the funeral and your coming was no pretence. You really cherished that departed friend in your heart of hearts. But how little he knew of it! In the hurry of your secret love you have passed him by on the other side, and have gone on, forgetful of the sorrows, and trials, and discouragements and weariness which your presence and your sympathy might have alleviated. Why should we waste our fragrance on the dead? Should not our beauty and our sympathy be shed rather upon the living, whose hearts are sad and sore, and whose weak hands are weary with the cares and toils of life?"

Such might be the questions of the flowers, if speech were granted to them. And a higher and more authoritative voice has said: "As we have opportunity, let us do good unto all men, especially unto them who are of the household of faith." Our opportunity is *now*. Death closes each avenue of usefulness, and shuts each door crevice that stood open before us. If we have love and sympathy let us show them *now*. Let our flowers be scattered along the paths of the living, rather than on the coffins of the dead. Let them be used to bless hearts that are torn and broken, rather than wasted over those who are gone beyond the need of our sympathy and the reach of our approval. Let our care and love be for those whose tears are past, and whose sorrows shall return no more. The *living* claim our love.

A Dog Story.

[Told by Mr. Richard Grant White, in the Galaxy for December.]

Dogs cannot laugh except with their tails; and then they laugh for joy. I doubt the existence of a doggish sense of humor. But scorn and contempt they undoubtedly do feel—they show it to other dogs and I believe that they must feel it for some men. At least I should not like to run the risk of losing the respect of a dog of any character. I should certainly see it in the contemptuous whisk of his tail and in the sidelong glance of his eye. The most supreme expression of contempt that I ever saw was from a dog of mine. He was a noble beast, large and beautiful. His sire was an English bloodhound, his dam a St. Bernard mastiff. He was fawn-colored, brindled, and his ears were softer than the finest silk. He was so big that he could stand on all-fours and take a roll with his mouth from the dining table, and that he could spring up, put his paws on my shoulders and look me in the face. And yet I had a little black-and-tan terrier that would bully dear old Thor—for so I named him—out of everything; everything, that is, but bones, meatless bones; for that is a subject upon which no dog of any delicate sense of what is due to himself will allow the least outside interference. But Thor loved Puck and would let the little rascal do almost what he liked, and when his teasing and impudence reached a point that was intolerable, the grand old fellow, instead of taking his tormentor by the back of the neck and quietly dropping him somewhere out of the way, would meekly come and put up his great paw on my knee to beg me to go out and set matters straight. And yet for Puck he would fight any thing; and many was the row into which he got by standing up for his quarrelsome little playfellow.

One day I took Thor with me on a new walk, in the course of which we passed the gate of a farmer who had two large pointer-dogs, who were very cross and quarrelsome both with man and beast; even so much so that they attacked men who came to the gate. As we approached the gate, there they lay together outside of it upon the close greensward that stretched into the road. At the sight of Thor they pricked up their ears, rose to their feet and began to growl. Thor, trotting on ahead of me, turned his head a moment, but kept on his trot. As we drew near they crouched together upon their bellies, and began to move thus toward the middle of the road; and when we were opposite the gate, with one yelping bark they made a simultaneous rush upon the stranger. Oh, Thor, Thor, did the spirit of Shakspeare enter into thee, that without even turning thy head again, thou heavedst up thy leg, like Crab's dog, and served those dogs as he served the gentlewoman's farthingale, and then joggedst on as if nothing had happened, leaving them to sneak back to their lair, with their tails between their legs, less in fear than in astonishment, and thy master to cleave the sky with laughter? Verily, I think there must be some human curs, who like to spring yelping upon a man merely because he is a stranger, whom it would be well if some big human mastiff would treat somewhat after the same fashion. They deserve no more respectful consideration.

A Plea for Late Suppers.

I discussed the question recently with an able physician, who said to me: There is nothing more absurd than to pretend that it is unhealthy to sleep immediately after the last day's meal. Is not man an animal? Do not animals, without exception, sleep after eating? Do we not feel like sleeping after each day's meal, and is it not by an effort that we shake off sleep? Evidently the body yearns for sleep. Exercise immediately after every meal is pernicious. Rest is healthful. What rest can compare with sleep, which reposes the mind, the lungs, even the heart? See the peasants. No persons enjoy better health than they do. Supper is the best meal of the day. No sooner have they supped than they go to bed. Look at the actors. There was Rubini. He dined at three, went to his dressing room in the Italian opera house and slept till the theatre opened its doors. At midnight he supped heartily and straight to bed he went. He died of sheer old age. You know Mons. Thiers' habit? The moment dinner ends he stretches himself out to sleep and sleeps an hour. The truth is, if you look around you, there will be found that the great majority of men go to bed immediately after making their best meal, and you certainly never saw anywhere in the world healthier, stronger women than those of the great markets. What is their rule of life? Dinner and to bed. Take another, the very opposite class—astronomers. They keep late hours; their best meal is taken when the stars say good night. Then they sleep. Did you ever hear of an astronomer dying under a hundred? The majority of servants and mechanics go to sleep immediately after taking their best meal; they are right; they obey nature's voice, which always gives judicious counsel.—*Spiritual.*

Chancellor Kent's Predicament.

HOW A BACKWOODMAN CAUGHT HIM IN AN EQUIVOCAL SITUATION.

L. B. Proctor, author of "The Bench and Bar," contributes to the Buffalo *Courier* an amusing incident in the history of the great jurist.

Early in June, 1815, Chancellor Kent and his wife, in a private carriage, left their home in the city of New York on a tour to the "Country of Genesee," as western New York was then called. At that time, though the distance did not exceed three hundred and seventy miles, the journey was more toilsome, protracted, and dangerous than a trip from New York to Oregon now is. On the fifth day out the couple lost their way, and night coming on, believed themselves doomed to spend it in the open forest exposed to all its horrors and dangers. But just as Kent brought his horses to a halt, a light suddenly gleamed out of the interstices between the trees, a short distance ahead.—Pushing onward once more, they found themselves in a few moments in front of a comfortable log house standing near the road side.

A woman apparently thirty years of age, with a lighted candle in her hand, comes to the door.

"My good woman, myself and my wife, the lady in the carriage with me, are traveling on our way to Canandaigua, but we have lost the way; night is upon us and we can go no further. Can you give us shelter for the night, some supper, and something for our horses?" asked Kent.

"We are poor folks," said the woman, "and I'm alone. My man is chopping wood over in the Billings settlement, three miles off, and he won't be home in an hour. You are strangers and I don't——but you look like respectable people, and I guess you can stay here; I'll give you something to eat if it ain't quite so good, and I'll fodder your horses, too. Your woman there had better get out and come in, while I put the horses in the stable."

Mrs. Kent obeyed. The horses were unharnessed, led to the stable and fed. In a short time the woman prepared a homely but acceptable supper for her guests. When the meal was finished she said:

"I s'pose you're tired and want to go to bed. That's our bed in the corner, but you can sleep in it to-night. I and my man can sleep overhead. I'll just set his supper on the table; when he comes in, he'll eat it; but he won't disturb you. Then he'll come up to bed where I am."

So saying, she placed her man's evening repast on the table, lit another candle, then ascended a ladder leading to a sort of scuttle hole, through which she crawled. In a few moments she was lost in sleep.

The travelers also retired to rest. Tired nature hurried them swiftly on to the land of dreams. Suddenly the Chancellor started up exclaiming:

"Bessie, that outside door is not fastened. Presently the man of the house will return, and seeing me in bed with you, he will of course think you are his wife, and Bessie, he won't relish that. Being a wood-chopper, he will have his ax with him, and before I can explain matters the Chancellor of this State will stand a pretty good chance to be chopped to pieces—not a pleasant thing to think of, Bessie."

"It is a bad matter. While he is chopping you up he may include me in the exercise—What can you do?" said Mrs. Kent.

"I tell you, Bessie, what I'll do. I'll push that table against the door. When the man comes it will take him some time to remove it. While he is doing so I can explain matters to him," said the Chancellor.

Accordingly he arose, took hold of the table to push it against the door. While in the act he heard heavy footsteps approaching; the next instant a man of gigantic size, in his shirt sleeves, wearing a bare-skin cap on his head, pushed the door open and entered the room. The first object that greeted his sight was the Chancellor, with no clothing on but his shirt. Glancing at the bed he saw, as he supposed, his wife there, and the situation became painfully apparent to him. Furious with jealousy he exclaimed:

"Who the devil are you, in my house at this time of night? Darn you! I've caught you, whoever you are."

"It's all right, my good sir," said Kent, trying to explain matters. "It's all right, I am——"

"All right! All right! You be darned," thundered the man. "I see—didn't expect me home. Thought you'd fasten me out when I did come—was going to have things all your own way here, hey? but I caught you—happened around at the nick of time."

"Pray let me explain, sir," said the Chancellor. "Myself and my wife there—"

"Your wife! Your wife! Good heavens! what a bold cuss you are. I know who you are now. You're Sam Flickner, that used to court my wife, as I heard tell. Now, Flicknear, what have you got to say for yourself?"

"My name is not Flickner. It is James Kent. I am Chancellor of the State of New York. That is my wife Bessie, that is in the bed there. Your wife is upstairs all right. There is your supper for you on the table.—Eat it, for gracious sake," cried Kent in a hurried manner.

"Chancellor of the State of New York, hey? What in the deuce is the Chancellor of the State of New York doing in my house at this time of night? Darn pretty way to get out of a scrape—lay it to the Chancellor of the State, hey? If he should catch you in the house like I have caught you, he'd chancel you. I say you are Sam Flickner and I'll kick blazes out of you," said the man advancing toward Kent with a fist that looked like a sledge hammer. At this critical moment his wife stuck her head down the hatchway, exclaiming: "Hold on Jim! I'm up here all right. They have lost their way; I guess they are good folks, and I've given 'em our bed; eat your supper and come up here to bed; don't make such a bear of yourself. If I hadn't been sound asleep when you came all this fuss would'nt have happened." This address brought matters to a proper understanding. The man apologised for his hastiness.

The Chancellor went to bed. The man sat down and ate his supper, and when it was finished, retired quietly to his bed up stairs, and soon all the inmates of the house were wrapped in slumber. The next morning the hostess prepared her guests a comfortable breakfast. Her man repeated his apologies of the last night, gave careful directions regarding their road, and with many good wishes bade them adieu.

A Hunchback's Revenge.

MURDERING TWO OF THE BOYS WHO HAD MADE FUN OF HIS DEFORMITY.

In August last great alarm was caused in the village of Incisa, near Florence, by the mysterious disappearance of two children—a boy, nine years old, on the morning of the 21st, and another boy, of eight, the following evening. It was supposed that they might have fallen into the stream, where they went to fish and bathe, but no traces of them or their clothes could be found. All kinds of exaggerated ideas got afloat in the village, more particularly as these were not the first children who had suddenly disappeared, and it was asserted that there were children killers in the adjoining wood. On the 29th, while one of the women of the village was arranging her hair at the back window of her room, she heard frightful shrieks, and recognized them as coming from Amergo Turchi, a boy nine years old, and that they proceeded from the workshop of one Carlo Grandi, a cart carpenter. She ran down into the street and alarmed the neighbors, who made for the workshop, which they found closed, the boy crying loudly from within for help. After vain attempts to get Grandi to admit them, they burst open the door, and found him struggling to force the boy into a hole. He had cut the child fearfully about the head, and from his mouth blood was flowing, caused, as the boy afterwards narrated, by a wedge Grandi had tried to force into his mouth to gag him.

After the man was secured it was observed that some

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, Dec. 24, 1875.

LET THE WORLD ADMIRE!

Our party challenges the admiration of the world for its punishment of fraud.

The administration of Gen. Grant has written for itself a grand record in the utterance "Let no guilty one escape."—*Republican.*

Any reader can see at once that the above was written by an editor who holds a post-office and for years has feasted on the patronage of his party. Of course his statement is not true, but then the man is paid for saying it.

It is a remarkable fact that fraud has been less ferreted out and punished, and that more guilty have escaped under Grant's administration than from the time of Washington to 1868.

He and his relatives used the Treasury for speculation, and "Black Friday" was the result.

He and his relatives and retainers were engaged in Indian frauds which were clearly proven, and neither his brother Orville nor other persons engaged in the transaction were punished.

The Republican party and its head created and carried through the Credit Mobillier,and neither the Vice President nor Congressmen, who through it robbed the nation, have ever been brought to justice.

The crimes and admitted frauds in the Freedmans' Bureau were perpetrated with official sanction.

The Moiety system, by which New York city custom House officials received $1,100,000, and informer Jayne $916,000 was a Republican measure and a proved fraud.

The Sanborn contracts, by which Grant's *three* particular friends made in three years $1,500,000, was a Republican measure, and whilst the facts have been proven, Justice slumbers at Grant's dictation.

The long list of defaulters in every Department in numbers and amounts stolen is officially shown to be *double* that from 1789, when our Government was inaugurated, to the accession to power of the Republican party in 1861.

The enormous frauds by the Whisky Ring were committed by Republican officials and Grant's bosom friends, and when an active Secretary of the Treasury began to unearth them, and investigation was reaching the White House, the faithful prosecuting attorney was dismissed, because he knew *too* much, and a more subservient officer placed in his stead.

The "admiration of the world" has been challenged. Let the world consider the above facts, which are but a tithe of those we could mention.

THE SCHOOL QUESTION.

While Grant is endeavoring to foment sectarian bitterness, and is aided by a few addle-headed ministers, the body of the Christian Church resent the proposed attempt of the Government to meddle with religious matters. The *Pacific Churchman* speaks as follows:

Religious training for the young is an admitted necessity by all who are believers in religion of any form, whether Protestants, Romanists Israelites, or Mohammedans. How such religious training can be best given without violating the conscientious scruples and religious liberty of any, is the important problem to solve. That no sectarian teaching of any kind can consistently with our republican institutions, be taught in our public schools, is admitted by the most liberal-minded persons. In justice to the rights of a large number of those whose children attend our schools, and who contribute to their support, no particular religious training should be enforced in the system of public education. Yet as an exercise of the inherent right of self-protection which society possesses to guard itself from crime, there should be some means provided for the religious teaching of the young.

Moral training, such as can be given under our public school system, should be supplemented by religious training in the home and by the Church. It is within the power of the parents of the land, with few exceptions, to say for themselves whether the young minds entrused to their care, shall be taught religious principles, or whether this great boon shall be withheld from them. Religion need not depend for an instant upon the public school for its perpetuation. If we insist upon a broad, liberal standard of morality, comprehensive enough to embrace the whole duty of the citizen to society and the State, and full enough to exclude the bitterness of theological wrangling, our duty as Churchmen in the premises should be done. If there is not enough vitality in the Christian Church to preserve it intact without the organized aid of the State through its schools and otherwise, nothing of the kind will save it from dying out. But the great truths of the Church do not depend upon such artificial aids for their support. It is in the family that the church must either receive its best support or its deadliest blow.

The education given by our public schools of itself, will injure the religious principles of no child who has been taught beside a weak tissue of sophisms under the name of religion. "Truth is mighty and will prevail," and if the teachings of religion are true, there need be no danger in exposing them to the crucial action of an intelligent, educated mind. The highest attainable human knowledge is compatible with the strongest and most beautiful Christian faith.

The report of the Agricultural Bureau for November and December states that the corn crop is one of the largest ever grown in this country, probably equalling the crops of 1870 and 1872; that the potato is extraordinary, both in product and quality, the total yield being fully one-fourth larger than last year; that the cotton crop will pass the limit of 4,000,000 bales; and that there is an increase of 75 per cent. in the yield of tobacco over that of last year.

The "Mysterious Pilgrims," it is said have dissolved their organization. They will reappear again in a new guise. Scoundrels have a natural attraction towards each other, and will combine in the future as they have in the past. "What's in a name? That which we call a rose by any other name would smell as sweet."

Broadhead has succeeded Henderson in the prosecution of the St. Louis whiskey ring. He will be careful to say nothing that may be construed by Grant and his cabinet into a reflection on the goverment. Should he offend he knows what to expect. He will find it safe not to push the prosecution against Babcock with too much rigor. The tenant of the White House is extremely sensitive.

A BLACK EYE FOR GRANT.

Third Termism was actually picking up strength especially among the bigoted portion of our population.

But the following resolution in Congress offered by Mr. Springer, a Democrat, is a severe blow to the scheme:

Resolved, That in the opinion of this house the precedent established by Washington and other presidents of the United States in retiring from the presidential office after their second term, has become, by universal concurrence, a part of our republican system of government, and that any departure from this time-honored custom would be unwise, unpatriotic, and fraught with peril to our free institutions.

Under operation of the previous question this resolution was adopted by a vote of two hundred and thirty-two to seventeen.

Among the negative vote we find the name of one Democrat and one "independent" Republican, but not one leading Republican is recorded with them.

This has placed the Republican party in Congress squarely against the project. Not only that but the Republican Conventions in New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio and other important States have declared against it, and can hardly be dragooned into a reversal of their decision. Still, Grant is shrewd, and he may make the "exigency arise." mentioned in his Harry White letter, either by a war with Spain, or an attempt to forcibly annex Cuba, in the hope of arousing the now slumbering war passions of our people, But as Congress must vote the necessary appropriations, and is the war making power, a Democratic House will save us from such evils, if attempted. So, Good Bye Grant and Babcock!

THE HOUSE COMMITTEES.

Speaker Kerr has announced the House committees of the present Congress. It is but natural that there should be some chagrin felt by members who expected better treatment, but censure should not be indulged in, until the results are seen. The appointment of Morrison as Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee we regard as a compromise between other contestants for that position. He will have trouble to hold his own. Randall has been placed at the head of Appropriations, and we know will carefully scan each item of proposed expenditure.

The following are the other Chairmen:

Committee on Elections—Harris, of Va.
Committee on Banking and Currency—Cox, of New York.
Committee on Pacific Railroad—Lamar, of Miss.
Committee on Judiciary—Knott, of Ky.
Committee on Public Lands—Saylor, of Ohio.
Committee on Foreign Affairs—Swann, of Md.
Military Affairs—Banning, of Ohio.
Commerce—Herford, of W. Va.
Post Offices and Post Roads—Clark, of Mo.
Claims—Bright of Tenn.
War Claims—Eden, of Ill.
Naval Affairs—Whitthorne, of Tenn.
Revision of Laws—Durham, of Ky.
Education and Labor—Walker, of Va.
District of Columbia—Buckner, of Mo.
Public Buildings and Grounds—Holman, of Ind.
Patents—Vance, of N. C.
Invalid Pensions—Jenks, of Pa.
Revolutionary Pensions—Hunton, of Va.
Indian Affairs—Scales, of N. C.
Weights and Measures—Stephens, of Ga.
Territories—Southard, of Ohio.
Agriculture—Caldwell, of Ala.
Mines and Mining—Bland, of Mo.
Private Land Claims—Gunter, of Ark.
Public Expenditures—Milikin, of Ky.
Railways and Canals—Jones, of Ky.
Mississippi Levees—Ellis, of La.
Reform in Civil Service—Whitehouse, of N. Y.
Manufactures—Stone, of Mo.
Militia—Cowan, of Ohio.
Expenditures on Public Buildings—Metcalf, of New York.
Expenditures in Navy Department—Beebe, of N. Y.
Expenditures in the Treasury Department—Ely, of N. Y.
Accounts—Williams, of Ind.
Expenditures in War Department—Clymer, of Pa
Expenditures in Post Office Department—Stone, of Mo.
Expenditures in Interior Department—Mutchler, of Pa.
Expenditures in the Department of Justice—Caulfield, of Ills.
Mileage—Egbert, of Pa.
Rules—The Speaker.
Printing—Vance, of Ohio.
Enrolled Bills—Harris, of Ga.
On the Library—Clymer, of Pa,
Select Committee on the Centennial Celebration—Hopkins, of Pa.

It will thus be seen that Pennsylvania has six Chairmanships—her full share, although the most of the important Committees go West and South. Our member Mr. Collins is on the Committee Reform in Civil Service.

A Bank Teller Taught a Lesson.

A singular case was decided last week in the circuit court for Washington county, Md. It was given as evidence on the trial that in 1871 Mrs. Susan Weckler asked the First National bank of Hagerstown to cash a draft on New York for $1,047. The teller of the bank, John D. Newcomer, being told by her that she wished to invest $1,000 in Washington county bonds, advised her that a better investment could be made in Northern Pacific bonds, which bonds have since depreciated to about fifteen cents on the dollar. It was also stated as an inducement for such investment that Dr. John F. Smith, Mrs. Weckler's physician had invested $10,000 in the Northern Pacific, and this assurance decided her. Robert O. Nymar,the son-in-law of Mrs. Weckler, confirmed the testimony, he being present at the conversation. The action was brought against the teller of the bank to recover the amount invested under deceitful representation. The jury gave a verdict in Mrs. Weckler's favor. The defendant denied the allegations of deceit, and said that at that time the railroad bonds were in good sale and esteemed an excellent investment. Dr. Smith testified that he had never invested in the Pacific railroad bonds, and never told any body that he had any. Mrs. Weckler first brought her action against the bank, but the court decided that it could not be maintained because it was not within the chartered powers of national banks to deal in bonds, and that any one who dealt with a national bank beyond its powers did so at his peril, and can have no remedy against the bank. The defendant has filed a motion for a new trial.

Danger of Coal Gas.

Persons who have stoves in their bed rooms or in rooms connected with their sleeping apartments cannot be too careful in arranging the fire at night. At Shamokin a widow and her two daughters came near losing their lives from an inhalation of coal gas. They put some fresh coal in the cook stove, and having partly removed the lids from the stove and turned the damper, they retired for the night, the doors of the various rooms in the house having been left open. Next morning the mother awoke feeling very sick and weak, but managed to get out of the house to call in several neighbors. When they arrived they found the youngest daughter, aged about twelve years, almost unconscious,and the oldest daughter, about eighteen years of age, terribly sick. A doctor was immediately sent for, and succeeded in saving the lives of all, but says that it would have taken but a little while longer until the youngest daughter would have been dead. When the doctor arrived she had scarcely any pulse left. The whole family had a narrow escape from a terrible death.

The Adjourned Session.

The session of the Pennsylvania legislature, says the *Patriot*, which will meet on the first Tuesday in January next is known to the constitution as an "adjourned annual session." It will not be a new legislature because one-third of the senators is renewed, but an adjournel session of the legislature which was chosen for two years in November, 1874, and which will therefore remain in existence until its successor shall be chosen in 1876. With the exception of a member or two elected to fill vacancies, the house remains the same, and the renewal of one-third of the members of the senate does not affect the identity of that body. Analogies of this kind are rarely complete, but if one were needed it is found in the congress of the United States. The officers of the house elected at the opening of the present session will hold their positions until the dissolution of the Forty-fourth congress on the Fourth of March, 1877, no matter how many adjourned sessions may be held in the meantime. Such legislation as may remain unfinished at the close of the present session of congress will go over to the next session, when it will be considered. This is what is proposed to be done with the unfinished business of the first session of the present legislature of Pennsylvania.

At the close of the last session of the legislature it was proposed by the senate that all the unfinished legislation should fall with the adjournment of the session. The house did not take this view of the case, but held that, the next being an adjourned session, all legislation not finally disposed of would remain in *statu quo*, and be considered when the legislature should again meet, in accordance with the provisions of the constitution. This seems to be the sensible and practical view of the question. In obedience to the action of the house a calendar has been prepared and printed by the clerk showing the condition of the unfinished legislation.

The house calendar shows that when the first session of the present legislature adjourned last spring about two hundred bills remained undisposed of in that branch. Upwards of forty of these bills are on third reading. Much of this legislation is important and the whole of it can soon be disposed of in one way or another. But if the work of last session is to be begun anew, and all the bills, good, bad and indifferent, thrown again into the legislative hopper to be ground over there will be double toil and trouble. For what good? Some of this legislation is of a local and private character, and due notice has been given according to law. If it must be started afresh the notices must also be renewed to the great trouble and expense of all concerned.

It is intimated that the courts might decide this legislation unconstitutional on the ground that the renewal of one third of the senate makes the next session of the legislature a new body. But the constitution disposed of the objection in describing the next as an "adjourned annual session." If any one should be disposed, however, to test the constitutionality of an act of assembly on this question that would be attended with much less trouble than the renewal of all the incomplete work of last session and the consequent protraction of next session and the delay of the public business. In the passage of the bills now standing on the calendars of the senate and the house all the requirements of the constitution will have been complied with as fully as if this proposition should prevail. They will have received a constitutional majority of the duly chosen representatives of the people. But there is a number of these bills that will not pass and ought not to pass. If they are not dispatched at once they will be started again on their weary round. Some of the bills on third reading on the house calendar have already passed the senate and unless amended they will not again come under the control of the latter body. When any of the important house bills of last session shall be sent to the senate it will not be in the province of the senate to inquire into their regularity. The senate will hardly commit an act of parliamentary discourtesy by refusing to consider them. But should the senate decline to resume the unfinished legislation of last session on the ground taken at the adjournment, the responsibility of embarrassing the public business will not rest with the house. If two or three unfinished measures of last session happen to be in a condition that is not agreeable to parties interested in them, this is a consideration which should not be permitted to obstruct legislation of the whole state. The real or imaginary interest of individuals must yield to the right and interests of the public.

ECLECTIC MAGAZINE.—The January number, beginning a new volume and a new year, is a good specimen of the magazine, and offers a favorable opportunity for new subscribers to begin. It is embellished with two fine steel-engravings, "*The Flower Gatherers*" and "*George Washington and his Family.*" The first is a child-piece, very beautiful in design, very tender in sentiment, and admirably engraved. The second is peculiarly appropriate to the centennial year, comprising portraits of Washington in his uniform, as general of the army, of Martha Washington, of Wm. Lee, and of the children, Geo. Washington Parke Custis and Eleanor Parke Custis. We may add, that each monthly number of the *Eclectic* contains at least one steel-engraving, usually a portrait of some man distinguished in letters, art, or politics.

Of the literary attractions of the January number, the most striking are: A synopsis of the curiously fascinating *Memoirs of Saint-Simon*; an article by Prof. Tyndall on *Materialism and its Opponents*; an excellent paper by Col. Chesney on *Sherman and Johnston*; Galton's suggestive paper on *The history of Twins*; an admirable biographical article on *Two Danes: Thorvaldsen and Andersen*; an entertaining treatise on *Automatic Chess and Card Playing*; another description of *The Dutch and their Dead Cities*; a collection of *O'Connellians*; a brief paper on the natural history of the Arctic Regions, and another giving the *Recent History of the Pitcairn Islanders*. Besides these, there is some good poetry; stories by Mrs. Alexander, author of *The Wooing O't*, and Miss C. C. Fraser-Tytler; and the usual well-filled editorial departments. Surely it is an exacting taste that will not find something here to satisfy it.

Published by E. R. Pelton, 25 Bond Street, New-York. Terms, $5 per year; Single number, 45 cents.

—The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania has decided that the Directors of the poor have no authority to issue donation to be used for any charitable purpose. Their powers are limited to the poor who are actualy under the supervision of the country authorities.

A VALUABLE WORK.—Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, distinguished in surgery, and the general practice in the profession he honors, has made a valuable contribution to the medical literature of the day, in a comprehensive work entitled "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser.' While scientific throughout, it is singularly free from technical and stilted terms. It comes right down to the common sense of every-day life. Dr. Pierce is a noble specimen of American manhood. He has sprung from the people; and, with many sympathies in common with the masses, has sought to render them a substantial service in this the great work of his life.—*Lafayette Daily Courier.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Philadelphia & Reading Railroad.

Holiday excursion tickets will be issued at reduced fares between all regular stations on main road and branches, (excepting between local points on Germantown and Norristown branch,) good from Thursday, December 23, 1875, to Wednesday, January 5, 1876, both days inclusive.

No sales of such tickets will be made after Saturday, January 1, 1876.

Passengers should procure their tickets before entering the cars. Full fares charged if paid on the trains.

J. E. WOOTEN,
Reading, Dec. 20. General Superintendent.

LEGISLATIVE NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made at the ensuing session of the legislature for the passage of an act entitled "an act making an appropriation for the relief of the Normal School of the Sixth District." The object of the application being to aid in the erection of buildings in place of that lately destroyed by by fire.

WM. ELWELL,
Attest: President of the Board of Trustees.
JOHN G. FREEZE,
Dec. 24-4w Secty.

$100,00 REWARD!

On last Tuesday night there was stolen from the premises of the undersigned near Laurelville, TWO MARES, both dark bays, one four years old next spring, and the other about ten. Fifty dollars will be paid for the recovery of the horses, and fifty dollars more for the arrest and conviction of the thieves.

GEORGE L. SMITH,
Laurelville, Lycoming co., Pa.
Dec. 24-2t*

Jerome Grasley, Libellant, vs. Destah Grasley, Libelee. | In Common Pleas of Columbia county, No. 218, September Term 18 75, Libel in Divorce a vinculo matrimonii.

The alias subpœna in the above case having been returned non est inventus, you, the said Destah Grasley, are hereby required to appear at the said Court, on the first Monday of February next to answer the complaint therein filed.

M. GROVER, Sheriff.
Dec 18,75—pd1—4w

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from active practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India Missionary the formula of a simple Vegetable Remedy, for the speedy and permanent Cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma, and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a Positive and Radical Cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having thoroughly tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, feels it his duty to make it known to suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive, and a conscientious desire to relieve human suffering, he will send (*free of charge*) to all who desire it, this recipe with full directions for preparing and successfully using it. Sent by return mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper.

DR. W. C. STEVENS,
Munroe Block, Syracuse, N. Y.

NOTICE TO HEIRS.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, SS:

In the Orphans' Court of Columbia County. In the matter of the partition and valuation of the estate of Noah S. Prentiss, late of Bloom township, deceased.

TO

Ellen, intermarried with James M Price, and to said James M. Price, Noah C. Prentiss and Clara K. Prentiss: You are hereby notified that on the 18th day of December, 1875, the Orphans' Court of Columbia county granted a rule upon the heirs of said decedent to accept or refuse the estate at the valuation or show cause why the same should not be sold. Therefore you are hereby commanded to be and appear at an Orphans' Court to be holden at Bloomsburg, in and for said county, on the first Wednesday of February next, and then and there accept or refuse the estate at the valuation put upon it by the inquest duly awarded, or show why the same should not be sold agreeably to the act of Assembly in such cases made and provided; hereof fail not.

Witness the Honorable William Elwell, Esquire, President of our said Court at Bloomsburg, the 18th day of December, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five.

MICHAEL GROVER
Dec 24,75-4t. Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Levari Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale on the premiesse in Berwick, on

MONDAY, JANUARY 24th, 1876,

That certain piece or parcel of land or lot of ground situate in the borough of Berwick, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a corner of Rhinard Berger on Front street below Market street, thence by the said Berger eighty feet to an alley; thence by said fifty feet more or less to corner of lot of William Williams, thence by the said Williams a distance of eighty feet to Front street aforesaid, thence by the same fifty feet, more or less, to the place of beginning; whereon are erected a two story brick house used for a dwelling and store house, with restaurant in basement, and upon which is erected an ice house, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances.

Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of John G. Jacoby.

ALSO,

On the same day, at ten o'clock A. M., on the premises in Briarcreek township,

All that certain messuage or tenement and store house and lot or parcel of land situate in Briarcreek township aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a stone on the south side of the L. & B. R. R. and a corner of land of Lydia Sponenberg, thence by said rail road north eighty-five degrees west eight and four-tenth perches, north eighty-seven and three-quarter degrees west twelve perches to a stone in line of land of Daniel Pursel, thence by the same and land of Wm. L. Freas south seven and three -quarter degrees east sixty-four and six-tenths perches to a line stone, thence by land of the said Stephen Thomas south fifty-eightand a half degrees east seven and four tenths perches to a line stone, north thirty-five and a quarter degrees east thirty-four and nine-tenths perches to the middle of the North Branch canal, thence along the same north seventy-seven degrees west nine and eight-tenths perches, north eight and a quarter degrees east eighteen and six-tenths perches to a stone by land of Lydia Sponenberg, thence by the same north eighty-four and a half degrees west four and nine-tenths perches to a stone,and north seven and three quarter degrees west sixteen and nine-tenths perches to a stone,the place of be, inning,containing eight acres and forty-seven perches of lan d, neat measure, together with the appurtenances; on which is erected a large two story and a half brick dwelling house, a two story frame house used as a grocery and dwelling, with a good wharf, making it a desirable place for a canal grocery.

Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of Jacob Kocher and Maria Kocher, his wife.

MICHAEL GROVER,
Sheriff's Office, Bloomsburg, Dec. 24, 1875. Sheriff.

AGENTS, 20 OIL CHROMOS mounted size 9x11, for $1. Novelties and Chromos of every description. National Chromo Company, Philadelphia, Pa.

DO YOU WANT MONEY

Male or Female. Send your address and get something that will bring you in honorably over $150 a month sure. INVENTORS UNION, 175, Greenwich St., New York.

SHORT CUT TO WEALTH.

Chances for all! Male and female agents and canvassers. Free information, and free samples with every order. P. O. box 2369
HILTON & CO., 152, Worth St., N. Y.
Nov. 5—4 w.

FOR
COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS,
AND ALL THROAT DISEASES
USE
WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS
Put up only in BLUE BOXES.
A Tried and Sure Remedy.
For sale by druggists generally, and JOHNSTON HOLLOWAY & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

A GREAT OFFER!!

We will during the holidays, dispose of 100 Pianos and Organs of first class makers, including Waters', at lower prices than ever before offered. Monthly installments received, running from 12 to 36 months. Warranted for 6 years. Second hand instruments at extremely low prices for cash. Illustrated catalogue mailed. Agents wanted. Warerooms 481 Broadway, N. Y. HORACE WATERS & SONS.

"NIP AND TUCK"
(Chromo.)
The Great American Tea Company,
31 & 33 Vesey Street, N. Y.

Teas distributed to clubs at importers' prices.

Beautiful oil chromos, of different sizes, presented to purchasers of 1, 2, 3, or 5 pounds of tea, in clubs of 30 and upwards. The Company has now ready for delivery a splendid chromo, entitled "NIP AND TUCK," a new (three pound) picture, showing a lively skirmish between baby and his pet dog for the possession of a doll. It is so full of roaring fun that no description can tell the story so well as the simple title of the artist. The battle is just Nip and Tuck, and must be seen to be appreciated. Send for circular of prices, terms, &c.

THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY,
31 & 33, Vesey Street,
P. O. Box 5643. NEW YORK CITY.
Dec. 24, 75-4w.

GOOD AGENTS WANTED.

The SATURDAY EVENING POST being the only family, literary and fashion paper published in

THE CENTENNIAL CITY

Agents have no trouble in getting hundreds of subscribers in every town and county. It gives the largest and best chromo (19x26) to every subscriber this year. Three serial stories always running. Sample sent for a three cent stamp.

Pays largest cash wages, and gives gold premiums to its agents. Agents are now making $50 per week. We give exclusive territory. Samples and circulars free to agents.

REED, WICKERSHAM & CO., Editors and proprietors, 726 Samson St., Philadelphia.

$57.60 Agents profits per week. Will prove it or forfeit $500. New articles just patented. Samples free to all. Address W. H. CHIP, CHESTER, 481 Broadway, New York.
Dec. 24, 75-4w

PAPER BAGS
FOR SALE
AT THE COLUMBIA OFFICE.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF SUNDRY WRITS issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, and to me directed will be exposed to sale at the Court House on

TUESDAY, JANUARY 18, 1876,

at one o'clock P. M., all that certain undivided one half of a lot of land situate in Scott township, Columbia county, Pa., being a limestone quarry, bounded on the east by quarry lot of Murpie & Pursel, on the north by land of Aaron Boone, on the west by another quarry lot of Jesse D. Rice, known as the Green quarry lot, south by lands of Aaron Boone and other lands of Jesse D. Rice, on which are erected two dwelling houses, stable, office, hay scales and six lime kilns, being the undivided one-half of the quarry lot purchased by J. D. Rice of Charles Lee, with the appurtenances.

ALSO,

The other undivided one-half of the quarry lot above described, being the undivided one-half of said quarry lot purchased by the said Jesse D. Rice from Peter Schug, with the appurtenances.

ALSO,

One other quarry lot, situate in the same township, and known as the Green quarry lot, bounded on the east by the above described lot, on the south by land of Aaron Boone, on the west by lot late of Jesse White, deceased, and on the north by lands of Aaron Boone, on which are erected a dwelling house, outbuildings and three lime kilns.

ALSO,

One other piece of land in said township, bounded by lands of Isaac White on the south, on the east by lands of the Espy Lime and Stone Co. and others, on the north by lands of Nathaniel L. Campbell, and on the west by land of Pursel and Waples and the quarry lots above described, containing about four acres.

ALSO,

One wharf lot situate on the North Branch Canal in said township of Scott, bounded by lands of Capt. Waples, deceased, Creveling and Mowry and others, containing about one half acre.

ALSO,

All that tract of of land situate in Madison township, Columbia county, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post on the Black Run road leading from Orangeville to Orangeville, in line of land of Perry Christian, thence by the same north forty-nine degrees east forty-two and seven-tenth perches to a post, thence by lands of Samuel Mercelith eighty-six perches to a post, thence by same north thirty-two degrees east forty-two perches to a post, thence by lands of William Welliver seventy-six degrees west fifty-three perches to a post, thence by the same south six ty-two degrees west eighty-five perches to a post in the aforesaid road, thence by said road south twenty degrees east fifty perches to the place of beginning, containing fifty-four acres and one hundred and seventeen perches and allowance, whereon are erected a frame dwelling house, large barn and outbuildings.

ALSO,

Another tract of land adjoining the last above described tract of land on the north, Meredith on the east, and other lands of Wellver on the south, being lands purchased of W. Wellver, containing about forty-one acres.

Seized taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of Jesse D. Rice.

ALSO,

One lot situate in the town of Espy, bounded on the south by Main street, on the west by an alley, on the north by an alley, and on the east by lot of Wm. Schechterly; being 82½ feet front and 171 feet deep, whereon are erected a two story dwelling, brick, bank and frame stable, with outbuildings.

ALSO,

One other lot, bounded on the south by an alley, on west by an alley, on the north by second street, and on the east by Wm. G Girton, being 82½ feet front, and 17½ feet deep, whereon are erected a 1½ story butcher shop, office, and outbuildings.

ALSO,

One other lot, bounded on the north by Second street, on the east by Thomas W. Edgar, on the south by an alley, and on the west by M. A. Green and other property of H. G. Creveling, being 82½ feet front and 171 feet deep, whereon is erected a two story frame stable.

ALSO,

One lot bounded on the north by Second street, on the west by Light Street road, on the south by lot of M. A. Green, and east by other property of H. G. Creveling, being —— on Second street, and —— on Light Street road, whereon is erected a two story frame dwelling and out buildings.

Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of H. G. Creveling.

ALSO,

All that certain real estate situate in Scott township, Columbia county, bounded on the south by a public road, on the west by I. S. Kuhn, on the north by a public road, and on the east by land of Jacob Snyder, whereon is erected a frame barn, said land containing about twenty acres, with the appurtenances.

Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of Harman G. Creveling.

ALSO,

All that certain real estate situate in Benton township, Columbia county, bounded and described as follows, to wit: On the west by land of Matthew McHenry, on the north by Robert Edgar, on the east by Thomas McHenry, on the south by the same, whereon are erected a dwelling house and barn, containing seventy-six acres, more or less.

ALSO,

In the same township, two other lots, bounded on the north by lands of Richard Stiles, on the south by Benjamin McHenry, on the west by Main street, on the east by Darvin Masters with the appurtenances, said two lots containing ½ acre.

Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of Russel P. McHenry.

ALSO,

All that certain piece or parcel of land situated in Fishingcreek township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, and bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a corner on an alley and East street, thence along said East street south-eastwardly fifty-five feet to lot of Jacob Shaffer, thence along said lot of Jacob Shaffer north-eastwardly one hundred and ninety-five feet to Chestnut alley, thence by said alley north-westwardly fifty-five feet to the alley first mentioned thence by said alley south-westwardly one hundred and ninety five feet to the place of beginning; whereon are erected a two story frame dwelling house, a stable and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of Sylvester J. Faux and Tillman Faux.

ALSO,

All that certain tract or piece of land situate in Centre township, Columbia county, and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: on the west by land of John Sitler, Jr., on the north by lands of heirs of Andrew Frean and William Hoffman, and on the east and south by lands late of John Conner, deceased, containing thirty-one acres, more or less, on which are erected a dwelling house and barn, with the appurtenances.

Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of George Sitler, with notice to Samuel Whitmoyer, terre tenant and present owner.

ALSO,

All that certain piece or tract of land situate in the township, county and state aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to wit; on the west by land of Levi Fester, on the north by lands late of heirs of Andrew Frean and William Hoffman, on the east by the above described tract, and on the south by land of John Conner, now deceased, containing thirty-one acres, more or less.

Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of John Sitler, Jr., terre tenant and present owner.

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In the same township, two other lots, bounded on the north by lands of Richard Stiles, on the south by Benjamin McHenry, on the west by Main street, on the east by Darvin Masters with the appurtenances, said two lots containing ½ acre.

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Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of John Sitler, Jr., terre tenant and present owner.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE!

By virtue of an Order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, the undersigned Administrators of the estate of Peter Bitner, Jr., will expose to Public Sale on the premises on

MONDAY, JANUARY 3d, 1876,

at 10 o'clock, p. m., the following described real estate to-wit:

A MESSUAGE AND TRACT OF LAND,

situate in Locust twp., Columbia county, adjoining lands of Edward Straussser, David Stine, A. P. Fisher and Jacob Gable, containing

ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHT ACRES,

more or less, ten acres of which is good timber land, saving and excepting four acres of the aforesaid tract of land set apart to the widow. There is also on the premises a

GOOD APPLE ORCHARD,

a good spring and spring-house, frame bank barn,

AND FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

and the usual out-buildings.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of the one-fourth of the purchase money

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, DEC. 24, 1875

Rail Road Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG RAIL ROAD

	NORTH.	SOUTH.
Accommodation Train	6.45 A. M.	1.40 A. M.
Mail Train	7.50 A. M	5. 2 P. M
Express Train	1.53 P. M.	11.54 A. M
"	5.34 P. M.	

CATAWISSA RAIL ROAD.

	NORTH.	SOUTH.
Accommodation Train	6.28 A. M.	7.30 P. M.
Regular Express	3.58 P. M.	11.33 A. M.

Through cars on Express train either to New York or Philadelphia. Accommodation train runs between Catawissa and Williamsport.

The plays at the Opera House are for the be nefit of the proprietors. Go and see J. Holmes Grover and Company, on the 24th and 25th.

THE last meeting of the present board of County Commissioners will be held on Monday and Tuesday the 27th and 28th, to settle and adjust accounts for th year. All persons having claims will present them at that time.

WILLIAM LAYTON,
JOHN HERNER,
JOHN ENT. } Commissioners.

Dec. 14, 1875.

Arch-Bishop Wood has excommunicated from the Catholic Church all who belong to the "Molly Maguire's."

The Board of Pardons, at its last session recommended the pardon of the Clearfield rioters We have no doubt that Gov. Hartranft will sign the pardons.

Henry Ottinger of Danville was shot through the stomach on last Tuesday night whilst in a saloon. We have not learned the name of his assailant nor the cause for the act. Ottinger died soon after.

E. S. Watson has withdrawn from the Williamsport *Sunday Times*, and S. S. Hetherlin remains sole publisher. The *Times* is a readable paper full of news and reading matter suited for the home circle.

If you wish your Christmas gifts to be appreciated get something useful of Lutz & Sloan.

Our carrier boy will call on our patrons on New Year's day, and we hope he may be liberally dealt with. Through heat and cold, rain and shine, he made his weekly trip. Give him a lift.

The enterprising firm of Wanamaker & Brown advertise their establishment in the COLUMBIAN. It is the cheapest, most reliable clothing house in Philadelphia. Read their notice, and see what great inducements they offer.

I. K. Miller, agent for pianos and organs, has a second hand Mason & Hamlin organ, which can be secured at a bargain. It has two banks of keys, eight stops and four sets of reels, and is in good condition. Just the thing for a church or lodge. tf.

We have an arrangement by which we can furnish a Marvin safe, a Burdett organ, a Waters & Son's piano, a Victor sewing machine, or a Shoninger organ at astonishingly low rates. Any one desiring to purchase can save nearly half their money by calling on us.

Catawissa. The original name of Catawissa was *Low-paugh-pelin.* The first syllable of that Indian name is all that there is left for the town. Its next name was Hughesburg, (named after "Mabe" we presume,) but we know it now by the sweeter name of *Catawissa*. May it prosper.

Petty. The *Republican*, in its account of the Bogart trial, mentioned the names of all the counsel employed, except A. C. & H. E. Smith. The latter opened the case, and the former made an able argument to the jury. This is a small specimen of revenge, and beneath the dignity of an editor.

ANOTHER CROW!—E. M. Towksbury, of Catawissa has a Buff Cochin rooster, hatched in the coops of A. C. Sharpless, that weighs eleven (11) pounds, less one ounce, Avoirdupois. Mr. "Cochin" has never taken any Alcohol or "Bitters" to aid digestion, but boasts of being a "Cold water" fowl who will please crow heavier!

F. M. TEWKSBURY.

We expected to print the President's message last week from a stereotype plate, but as it did not come, we were obliged to put the message in type after nearly two days delay. Notwithstanding this, our employees, without extra assistance, got the paper in the Thursday afternoon mails at the usual time, which they accomplished by working all night on Wednesday. They deserve much credit for their energy.

A new series of stock will be commenced by the Mutual Building and Saving Fund Association of Bloomsburg on Saturday the first day of January 1876. The books will be opened at 3 P. M. If 500 shares are not taken the money will be refunded and the series abandoned. Shares can be taken previously to that time on application to the secretary.

By order of the Board of Directors.

J. B. ROMISON Sec'y.

Col. Tate, of the *Sun*, beamed upon us on Wednesday last. He looks as hale and hearty as a man of seventy. His many friends were glad to see him.—Bloomsburg *Columbian*.

Well, that is complimentary, as far as it goes and also very gratifying. But we have several years yet to run before we attain that buoyant age of "seventy." Will you make the correction, Messrs. Brockway & Elwell?—*Sun*.

Just as you say, Colonel. Our readers will now understand that the veteran editor of the *Sun*, is not seventy by several years.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

On Saturday morning the case of Samuel Bogart was again brought before the the court by a motion of the District Attorney John M. Clark, to suspend sentence until February court, on the ground that Bogart was the principal witness in the case of the Commonwealth against F. M. and Peter Kline. The defendants were indicted for an aggravated assault on Bogart, Mr. Clark, E. R. Ikeler and C. G. Barkley were the counsel for the prosecution against Bogart but now the District Attorney representing the Commonwealth asked for the retention of Bogart as a witness, stating that they could not safely go to trial without him. The prosecutors in the homicide case are the defendants in this case Mr. Buckalew, and A. C. and H. E. Smith, who defended Bogart, are counsel for the Commonwealth, after some consultation the Court stated that justice to all parties, and to the public required that Mr. Bogart should be held as a witness. Sentence was therefore suspended, until February court.

PERSONAL. We were pleased to receive calls from Mr. John Snyder, editor of the Berwick *Independent* and Mr. W. H. Smith of the Orangeville *Weekly* during Court week. Our sanctum is always open to our editorial brethren. Come again.

Mr. Frank Pershing of Pottsville, paid us a short visit last week, Mr. Pershing is a son of the eminent Judge of that name, Schuylkill co. The many friends he made while here will be pleased to have him come again when he can stay longer.

We regret to learn of the severe illness of Dr. W. H. Bradly of the *Montour American*. He has been confined to his bed for some time. Hope to hear of his early recovery.

Prof. H. Schuyler, of Lafayette College, is at home, spending his Christmas vacation, among his friends.

Mr. William Tully of Ashland, was in town the greater portion of last week, on business.

THE CHRISTMAS FESTIVAL.

ITS ORIGIN AND CUSTOMS.

The institution of this festival is attributed to Pope Telisphorus, who died A. D. 138. At first it was a movable feast, often confounded with the Epiphany, and celebrated by the Eastern churches in April and May. In the fourth century St. Cyril, of Jerusalem, obtained from Pope Julius I. an order for an investigation to be made concerning the day of Christ's nativity. The result of this inquiry was an agreement on the 15th of December. There was no positive proof of this being the correct date, but it was uniformly accepted, and has ever since been a fixed festival in the church. The custom of singing Canticles at Christmas, called carols which recalled the songs of the shepherds at the birth of Christ, dates from the time when the common people ceased to understand Latin. The Bishops and lower clergy often joined with the populace in carolling, and the songs were enlivened with dances and music. During the last days before Christmas it is still the custom for Calabrian minstrels to descend from the mountains to Naples and Rome, saluting the shrines of the Virgin Mother with their wild music under the poetical notion of cheering her until the birth time of her infant. Preparatory to Christmas the bells are rung at midnight throughout England and the continent. Among the revels of this season were the so-called feasts of fools, in which every thing serious was burlesqued. In Germany Christmas is often called the "children's festival," and it is from there that we derive our custom of giving presents, and the Cristmas tree, though the remote origin of gift-making undoubtedly arose from the fact that the wise men of the east brought gifts to the infant Saviour. That fat old gentleman whom the children think of with so much delight, St. Nicholas, originated in Germany. The presents made by all the parents to their children were sent to some one person, who, in high buskins, a white robe, a mask and an enormous flax wig, went from house to house, was received with great pomp and reverence, and distributed the gifts among the children according to the character which he heard from the parents, after severe inquiries.

Christmas has always been a religious, domestic and merry-making festival. In England the revels used to begin on Christmas eve, and lasted often until Candlemas, Feb. 2. In the houses of the nobles "a lord of misrule was appointed, whose office was "to make the rarest pastimes, to delight the beholder." A glowing fire made of green logs called yule logs, was kept up in the fire places and the generous wassail bowl never failed to bring tumultuous joys.

The common custom of decking the houses and churches with evergreens is derived from ancient druid practices. It was an old belief that sylvan spirits might flock to the evergreens and remain unnipped by frost till a milder season. In this country, since the puritans were at first stern opponents of Christmas pastimes, the day has been generally less celebrated in New England than in the Middle and Southern states. There are many singular superstitions regarding Christmas in some countries. Formerly in England it was said that on Christmas eve the oxen were always found on their knees, as in an attitude of devotion. This was derived from the prevalent mediæval notion that an ox and an ass which were present at the nativity fell upon their knees in a supplant manner. It was an ancient tradition, alluded to by Shakespeare, that midnight spirits forsake the earth and go to their own confines at the crowing of the cock, and that

—Ever 'gainst that season comes
Wherein our saviour's birth is celebrated,
This bird of dawning singeth all night long;
And then they say no spirit stirs abroad;
The nights are wholesome; then do planet strikes,
No fairy takes, nor witch hath power to charm,
So hallowed and so gracious is the time.

Of course all these superstitions exist in Christian countries only as traditions. In England the Christmas celebrations have lost their primitive boisterous character, and, as in this country, family reunions, making presents, and evergreen trimmings are nearly all that remain of the rough merriments that once marked the festival. The celebration of the birth of Christ is becoming more and more universal in the United States, and the day is probably not far distant when, on the morning of each Christmas day, all the people shall praise the Lord that a Savior has been born unto the world.

If you are undecided what to get for your friends Christmas presents, go to Lutz & Sloans, and they will fit you out with something useful and elegant.

CHRISTMAS SERVICES.

There will be services in St. Paul's Episcopal Church to-morrow (Christmas) morning, at 10 o'clock. The pastor will preach a sermon, and the Holy Communion will be administered. A pleasant service is expected, as the choir has devoted some attention to the preparation of the music for the occasion. The church will be appropriately decorated.

The children of the Lutheran sunday school will have a Christmas tree in the evening at the church.

At the Baptist church gifts will be distributed among the sunday school children in the evening.

On Thursday of last week E. L. Davenport, played HAMLET in the Danville Opera House. A special train went down "from the country," and on it were nearly a hundred "rustics" from Bloomsburg and vicinity; at least there was one man in the audience who so considered the Bloom delegation. He was a snob, from the city of Danville. The people of whom he spoke as being "from the country" were the representatives of the best families in this town, and among them, gentlemen of state and national reputation. Well, there are some people down there, who having never been out of their town limits, imagine that Bloomsburg and Columbia county are suburbs of Danville and that there are only two cities in the State to wit: Philadelphia and Danville. "You think the rustic cackle of your burg the murmur of the world. Without the *country bumpkins* on the special train even the unlimited population of that great metropolis (of Montour co.,) would have been insufficient to fill the Opera House.

The kindness of Mr. Peter Baldy Jr. in affording our citizens an opportunity to hear Davenport, was fully appreciated, but much dissatisfaction has been expressed at the miserable management of the rail road company, and particularly at the impudence of some of the employees on the train. The passengers found the seats unturned in the car, after the theater, and much inconvenience was experienced in waiting for the brakman to do what he ought to have done before. We have an Opera House, but who ever heard of a delegation from Danville?

THIEF! THIEF! Some scoundrel, hard up for a Christmas dinner, without the fear of the future before his eyes, deliberately and with malice aforethought, stole three chickens from the senior editor of this paper on last Tuesday night. That man is a fit subject for the gallows, and our only consolation is that he will be properly dealt with in the Great Hereafter. It is bad enough to steal; but to rob poor editors is a high crime and misdemeanor. When it is considered how arduous his labors are—the small compensation he receives, (and that is uncertain)—that if paid at all it is in chips, whetstones, patent-griddles, and buck-wheat flour—the aggravation of the offence can be seen in its full force. Our Christmas dinner will be a failure. Those whom we invited need not attend. We agree, however, to plead in Court, without fee, the case of any man who shoots a chicken thief. The Jury would appreciate the situation, and even the Court herself having lost fifteen chickens would temper Mercy with Justice. We will also cheerfully publish a local announcing the fact that some of these scamps have been accidently shot by a vigilant citizen.

If "the schoolmaster is abroad" it would be well for him to call at the office of the Bloomsburg *Republican*. He's needed there.

The *Republican* has never been distinguished for literary elegance, but the curiously involved and intricate construction of the article in last week's paper, relative to the trial of Samuel Bogart, merits special mention. Beginning with the undeniable statement that "Kline was the father-in-law of Bogart" the writer adds "this marriage proved to be an unhappy one." It is hardly to be wondered at that a marriage between a man and his father-in-law should have been unhappy, but the fact that such a monstrous union could exist in a civilized community will surprise most people. The writer goes on: "For years quarrels have been kept up between the parties. Bogart and his wife would begin it" (what? quarrels?) and by the time it ended the whole of the Kline family would be involved." The reader will notice the hopeless confusion of singulars and plurals in the above, and the same thing occurs in the next sentence; "Frequent separations between him and his wife were the result" Oh! it were, were it? Beautiful indeed! "So *it* continued for years until on the 7th of September last *it* culminated in the death of Mr. Kline." What was it that "continued for years" and "culminated in the death of Mr. Kline?" Does the writer mean that the "separations" "continued" and "culminated?" If so why does he say "it" and how could the "separations" of man and wife "culminate" in the death of a father-in-law? We should have thought that "meetings" were more likely to have brought about so sad a result than "separations."

Here is another fine specimen: "Bogart took a pitch fork and rushed upon the old man and plunged it into his skull from the effects of which he died." This is the first case we ever knew where a man died from the "effects" of a skull. Most people have skulls and manage to live with them but whether the skulls have "effects" or not we are unable to say. It may kill a man every time to have "effects" of the skull. Again; "Mr. Buckalew made one of the best efforts of his life in his defence." What Mr. Buckalew had done, and how bad it was, we cannot tell but we are pleased to know that he acquitted himself so well. Pronouns and prepositions, singulars and plurals give much trouble to the *Republican's* writer.

More richness: "The charge of Judge Elwell was an able discussion of the law" (*discussion is good*) "with regard to murder and made a deep impression upon the minds of all by its exhaustive review of the evidence and its entire impartiality." This is incorrect as to fact. There was no "exhaustive review of the evidence" in the full meaning of that phrase. Judge Elwell said "I shall not repeat the evidence upon the subject of the encounter in detail," and did in fact refer to the evidence only to explain the law bearing upon the points in question. Judge Elwell will probably be pleased to know that he was impartial, and did not thirst for Bogart's blood. Here is a bit of fine writing; "a solemn silence pervaded the mid-night audience as the foreman James Dyke, handed the verdict to the Clerk of the Court, who passed it to the Judge. After he examined it he returned it to the Clerk" &c. Nothing could have been more impressive than this, unless the Clerk had handed the verdict to the Court-crier, who had then given it to the Deputy Sheriff and he in turn to the Sheriff who might have handed it to a tipstave to be by him presented to the Judge. Nobody would imagine from the wording of the *Republican* article that the clerk of the Court always receives the verdict of a jury and hands it to the Judge.

Taking it all in all the *Republican* may congratulate itself on having achieved a success in muddy, ungrammatical and illogical writing, not likely to be readily excelled or even equalled.

Is the "schoolmaster abroad" or is the postmaster?

News Items.

—Chambersburg is to have water works costing $55,000.

—In Dublin last week the death rate represented a mortality of 22 in every 1000 of the population.

—Vice President Wilson is said to have left an estate worth $3,000, and his place in Natick is valued at $2,500.

—New York detectives are searching Ottawa for William M. Tweed, whom they have reason to believe has reached there.

—Judge Kelly claims to have reasons to believe that a bill will be passed by the House during the present session substituting greenback for national bank currency.

—James Dale, the Delaware county commissioner whose prolonged absence from his home in Chester, has excited the liveliest apprehensions of his family, has not turned up.

—Mr. O'Conor continues in about the same condition as before reported, with the exception that he is becoming more restless. The end, apparently, is not far off.

Mr. Steck, of Hughesville, has nearly completed the plan for a Granger's centennial encampment near Philadelphia. He has received valuable assistance from Mr. Little, his architect. It is now certain that the project will prove a success.

—Gen George B. Williams, now in Washington, will leave for Europe shortly as the commissioner of the Government of Japan. He is accompanied by two Japanese gentlemen of high rank, Messrs. Tamito and Minami.

—A man was buried in Sulivan county, only a year ago, weighed 80 pounds two days before his death. The other day his body was exhumed and found to weigh 477 pounds. A case of petrifaction.

—Bishop Simpson has denied the statement that he had expressed an opinion on the subject of the third term. He deprecates any attempt to connect the Church with political nominations or elections.

—A determined effort will be made in the next legislature to erect an insane asylum for the counties of Berks, Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Lehigh, Montgomery and Northampton.

—Three men, named Mahlon Naylor, Wm. Cole and Richard Eaton, were instantly killed at the main exhibition building on the Centennial grounds on Wednesday. They were on a scaffold which gave way, and they fell to the ground a distance of seventy feet

—General Henderson thinks it a little rough to be told by the Attorney General that "the department will not continue to pay special counsel for this kind of services," when, as a matter of fact, he had never received a cent, had never rendered any bill, and the matter of compensation had been under consideration at no time. Mr. Henderson adds that the appointment of special counsel came to him entirely unsolicited.

—Recently a party of four went out hunting in Fulton county. Hiram Snotts, one of them, became separated from the rest, and to let him know where they were two of his companions discharged their guns. One of the balls struck Snotts, and he died soon after.

—A Texas judge is credited with the following decision: "The fact is, Jones, the jail is an old, rickety affair, as cold as an iron wedge. You applied to this court for a release on bail, giving it as your opinion that you would freeze to death there. The weather has not moderated and to keep you from freezing, I will direct the Sheriff to hang you at four o'clock this afternoon."

Business Notices.

LOST. On Monday last a BLACK PLUSH GAUNTLET, between the COLUMBIAN office and the residence of Judge Elwell. The finder will be suitably rewarded by returning it to this office.

Great Holiday entertainment at the Opera House. The scenery of the Burning Saw Mill is brought by the Company.

French dressing at Knorr's.

I. W. Hartman has bought so far this season seventeen pieces of cotton flannel 10, 12½, 16, 18, 20, 22 cents per yard.

Toilet Sets at C. C. Marrs, cheap.

Gold spectacles, just the thing for a Christmas present, at George A. Clark's book store.

Notions of all kinds in great variety at S. H. Miller & Son's.

"The Track of Guilt" tomorrow-night, at the Opera House.

Grand opening of toys and holiday presents in unsurpassed variety and at extremely low prices at A. C. Phillips' new book store.

Fine Holiday Goods for Gent's wear, consisting of
Hats, Caps, &c.,
Ties, Bows and Scarfs,
Shirts, Collars and Cuffs,
Silk Mufflers,
Cashmere Mufflers,
Silk Handkerchiefs,
Fine Driving Gloves,
Dress Gloves,
all of the latest style, at D. Lowenberg's.

Holiday Goods in great variety, also a fresh supply of French Confectionery unsurpassed in quality and flavor, only forty cents per pound, at Hendershott's.

Port folios, Dreka's dictionary blotters, rosewood and walnut writing desks at G. A. Clark's.

A beautiful lot of fancy dishes, vases, cups, &c., at I. W. Hartman s.

C. C. Marr has a nice lot of Collars, Cuffs and Handkerchiefs.

TOWANDA BO OTS! TOWANDA BOOTS
The best and most reliable for every one to buy. Try them For sale at McKinney's.

When found make a note of it,
And go to D. Lowenberg's
For a fine Diagonal Over Coat,
Fine Fur Beaver.
The Ulster Over Coat just received.

A full line of Dry Goods just received at the store of S. H. Miller & Son.

For Minee Meat, at 13 cents a pound, and a fine lot of Christmas Cranberries go to Russell's.

Look in C. C. Marr's windows for nice things.

A B C and building blocks at G. A. Clark's book store.

New attractions at Russel's. A large assortment of Holiday Goods, consisting of china mustache cups, china cups and saucers, children's toy sets, cologne sets, mugs, vases, mirror boxes, assorted toys, toy ewers and basins, pitchers, patent flasks, china candlesticks, holy water founts, toy castors, tea sets, and a variety of goods for every body.

Go to the Opera House to-night and tomorrow-night. Friday and Saturday and see J. Holmes Grover in the great play of "I. O. U."

WATER PROOF WATER PROOF
Boots at McKinney's.

A beautiful lot of chromos for Christmas at G. A. Clark's book store.

New lot of Germantown, just received at I. W. Hartman's.

Independence Toy Tea Setts at C. C. Marr's.

Men's, women's, boys' and misses' fancy slippers for Christmas gifts, at E. M. Knorr's.

Mabie Todd & Co's. gold pens and pencils, the best in the world, to be had only at G.A. Clark's book store.

Snow Excluders for sale at McKinney's.

RHEUMATISM, *Neuralgia*, Lumbago, Sciatica Rheumatic Gout and Nervous Diseases positively cured by *Dr. Fitlers Rheumatic Remedy* and Pills—*Dr. Fitlers Kidney Cordial* removes deposits of *Gravel, Calculi, Acids, retention,* of *Urine, Great Purifier* of the *Bladder* and *Kidneys*. C. A. KLEIM Sole Agent for Bloomsburg, Pa., Dec 17,'75-1y.

"I. O. U." at the Opera House to-night.

Fancy inkstands and beautiful paper weights at G. A. Clark's book store.

Mens' Womens' and Childrens, Boots and Shoes, very cheap, at S. H. Miller & Son,s.

The largest lot of fancy and other Handkerchiefs at I. W. Hartman's to be found in Bloomsburg.

FARMERS, ATTENTION.—Russel takes Butter Eggs, Lard and Produce in exchange for goods

Pocket books, cigar cases, and Russia goods of all kinds at G. A. Clark's.

Call at Russell's and see his stock of Queensware.

FARM FOR SALE—Containing 54 acres, in Scott township, one-half mile from Bloomsburg. Good buildings, splendid water, and a first class stone quarry on the premises. Price $5,000
W. J. BUCKALEW,
Real Estate Agent.

Great attractions at the Opera House to-night and tomorrow-night, for the benefit of the proprietors. Every-body ought to patronize them.

Chess, checkers, backgammon, jackstraws, dominoes, and a great variety of games at G. A. Clark's.

Go to C. C. Marr for Christmas Goods.

Oysters of fine selection, at M. M. Russell's.

Rubber Boots at McKinney's.

Diaries for 1876, from fifteen cents up, at G. A. Clark's book store.

Men's cloth boots at E. M. Knorr's.

Toy books in endless variety at the book store of G. A. Clark.

Tobacco, Cigars and Confectionery at wholesale, very low, by M. M. Russell.

Pictures and picture frames at the book store of George A. Clark.

OVER-COATS! OVER-COATS!
For Men, Youths and Boys,
Great Bargains at
D. Lowenberg's.

All Coal slated and screened before leaving the old established coal yard of C. W. NEAL & BRO. 32tf

A choice selection of the best authors received for the Holidays at George A. Clark's.

Centennial Seamless Bags 30 cents a piece at M. M. Russel's.

Card cases, pearl and Russia, at Geo. A. Clark's.

Good clean Coal to be had only of C. W. Neal & Bro. 32tf

Don't be worried and annoyed with not only a poor quality of Coal but dirty and slaty besides, but buy of C. W. NEAL & BRO. who deal only in the best qualities. 32tf

C. W. NEAL & BRO., spare no expense to send out nice Coal. 32tf

—The old "John Bull," the first locomotive ever run on the Camden and Amboy road, which has been laid up at the Bordentown shops for many years is being put in running order again and will be sent to the centennial next year. It was built by Robert Stephenson, over forty years ago; has twelve by twenty-inch cylinders, one pair four and-a-half feet drivers, and weighs about twelve tons.

—Bishop Wood, of Philadelphia, has been sued for $161, 000 by his parishioners. This is the fund entrusted to the charge of Father Gerdeman in the shape of deposits upon call upon which four and six per cent. interest was to have been paid, but which was mainly invested in church improvements and could not be repaid when called for. As it is proposed to sell the church property of which the bishop holds the title to pay these claimants some interesting questions of law in regard to the precise tenure of ecclesiastical property will be raised in a very favorable shape for judicial determination,

When you go to Philadelphia stop at the Allegheny House, No. 812 and 814 Market street; having been recently renovated. Price only $2 per day. A. BECK,
March 19,'75-1y Proprietor.

COAL. COAL
Old Established Coal Yard.

C. W. NEAL & BRO., Wholesale & Retail Dealers in all sizes of the best qualities of Red and White Ash Coal, at the very lowest market rates. Have constantly on hand large stocks of
Domestic,
Cupola,
Blacksmith's Anthracite,
Bituminous,
and Limeburner's Coal.

Especial attention given to the preparation of coal before leaving our yards. Grain and Lumber taken in exchange for coal. Coal delivered to any part of the town at short notice. Orders left at I. W. McKelvy's store, or at our office, will receive prompt attention. Office and Yards at William Neal & Sons' Furnace, East Bloomsburg. Your patronage respectfully solicited.

OAL. [7—tf—25] COAL

FOR RENT.—A large new Store Room, Hall, and Dwelling apartments. New brick building on Main street near Market. Terms cheap. Inquire of GEO. W. SIERNER.
Dec. 10, '75-tf.

HELP TO MOTHERS. NURSING INFANTS.—It is a conceded fact that mothers who have the care, anxiety and draught of nursing infants are weak and need the aid of some strengthening tonic to make up the nourishment required for the growth of the child. Ale, porter, and lager beer have often been recommended. Of late, since physicians have become aware that Port Grape Wine produced by Alfred Speer, of Passaic, N. J., is strictly pure they have prescribed it instead of ale and porter. This wine is principally sough for by mothers who have nursing infants as the best supply medium to be found. The wine is rich in body and not intoxicating but gently stimulating. Druggists generally keep it, and sell it for a dollar a bottle.—*Inquirer.*

Marriages.

DREIS'ACH—PENNINGTON—At the bride's residence, on the 9th inst, by Rev. A. Houtz, Mr. Nathan Dreisbach, to Mrs. Mary Pennington, both of Fishingercek twp.

POTTS—WILSON—On fifth day, 12 month 16th, 1875, at the residence of the bride's parents Millville, Pa., by Friend's ceremony, William Potts of Parkersburg, and Anna L. daughter of Reuben and Sarah E. Wilson.

STEES—ARMSTRONG—On Thursday the 16th inst., at the bride's residence in Bloomsburg, by the Rev. Stuart Mitchell, Dr. J. I. Stees, of Cairo, Union county, to Miss Anna L. Armstrong, of Bloomsburg.

GILBERT—COOK—Dec. 9th, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. B. P. King, Mr. Nicholas Gilbert to Miss Mary A. Cook, both of Stockton, Luzerne county.

SHULER—DENNIS—Dec. 11th, at the M. E. Parsonage, Weatherly, by Rev. B. P. King, Mr. Alfred J. Shuler to Miss Emma J. Dennis, both of Weatherly, Carbon county.

JAMES—STRAUSER—In Centralia on the 21st of December, 1875, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. G. M. Larned, Mr. George W. James, to Miss Clara M. Strauser, both of Centralia, Columbia county.

Deaths.

ANTES—In Hemlock twp., Columbia county, on the 14th inst., Mary Emma, daughter of Peter and Sarah Ellen Antes, aged 2 years and 8 days.

SANDERS—At the residence of Mr. Wm. H. Gilmore, in Bloomsburg, on the 8th inst., Mrs. Sarah Sanders, aged 84 years, 5 months and 24 days.

HOSLER—At Jonestown, Dec. 16th, Emma Hosler, aged 17 years, 1 month and 28 days.

POST—On the 6th of December, at his residence in Fairmount township, Luzerne Co., after a brief illness, Gideon Post, sr., aged 83 years, 4 months and 19 days.

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

Wheat per bushel	$ 1.20
Rye "	.90
Corn, new, "	.50
Oats, "	.40
Flour per barrel	7.00
Chopped "	2.00
Flaxseed	1.50
Butter	.25
Eggs	.30
Tallow	.04
Potatoes	.40
Dried Apples	.10
Hams	.16
Sides & Shoulders	.12
Lard per pound	.16
Hay per ton	20.00
Beeswax	.25
Timothy Seed	4.50

QUOTATIONS FOR COAL.

No. 4 on Wharf	$ 4.00 per Ton
No. 5 " "	$ 3.75 "
No. 6 " "	$ 2.50 "
Blacksmith's Lump on wharf	$ 4.00 " "
" Bituminous "	$ 6.00 " "

SCRIBNER'S MONTHLY for 1876.

The publishers invite attention to the following list of some of the attractive articles secured for Scribner's Monthly, for the coming year. In the field of fiction, besides numerous novelettes and shorter stories, there will be

Two Remarkable Serial Stories
BY AMERICAN AUTHORS.

The first of these, now complete in our hands,
"GABRIEL CONROY,"
by BRET. HARTE,
begins in the November number,
and will run for twelve months.
We shall also begin in the January number,
"PHILIP NOLAN'S FRIENDS,
or, Show Your Passports,"
by EDWARD EVERETT HALE.

The scene of this story is laid in the south eastern territory, now forming the states of Louisiana and Texas, at the time of Aaron Burr's treason. The characters lived in a section which was now American, now French, now Spanish, and this record of their adventurous lives makes a story of intense and unflagging interest throughout.

A SECOND "FARMER'S VACATION,"
by COL. GEO. E. WALING, Jr.

Col. Waring is now in Europe, visiting, in a row-boat ride of two hundred and fifty miles, one of the most fertile and interesting of the vine-growing valleys of Europe. This second series of papers promises to be even more interesting than that with which our readers are already familiar.

CENTENNIAL LETTERS,
edited by JOHN V. CHENY.

A rare collection of Revolutionary Letters, mainly from stories in the hands of the descendents of Col. Joseph Ward. They are full of interest, and will be read with a rare relish in connection with the Centennial celebration of the year.

Brilliantly Illustrated Articles on
AMERICAN COLLEGES,
Written respectively by their friends, will appear during the year.

OLD NEW YORK.
Elegantly illustrated articles on Old New York, by John F. Mines, will appear at once, and will attract the attention of all, in city or country, who mark with interest the development of the great metropolis, and affectionately remember the quaint peculiarities of its olden time.

Every number is profusely illustrated, thus enabling us to give to our descriptive and narrative articles an interest and permanent value never attained in a non-illustrated periodical.

The Editorial Departments
occupy over twenty pages of each number, and contain Dr. Holland's vigorous and timely editorials, as well as reviews of the latest works in Art, Literature, and Science.

TERMS,
$4 a Year, in advance; 35 cents a number.

The 10 vols. complete, Nov. 1870, to Oct. 1875, bound in maroon cloth $20.00
do. do. bound in half morocco, 30.00

Vols. begin in November and May. Any of the earlier volumes (1 to VIII) will be supplied separately to parties who wish them to complete sets, at this rate, i. e., cloth, $2; half morocco, $3.

Booksellers and postmasters will be supplied at rates that will enable them to fill any of the above orders.

Subscribers will please remit in P. O. money order, or in New York Checks, or by registered letters as they in letters not registered, at reader's risk.

SCRIBNER & CO., 743 Broadway, New York.

HENDERSHOTT'S

DRUG STORE

Is receiving a choice selection of

HOLIDAY GOODS,

consisting of

DRUGGIST'S SUNDRIES,
TOILET ARTICLES,
PERFUMERY,
ENGLISH SOAPS,
FRENCH EXTRACTS,
FORT MONNIES,
CIGAR CASES,
COMBS,
BRUSHES,
CHINESE AND JAPANESE HANDKERCHIEFS,

Key West and Havana Cigars,

and lots of Fine Goods.

TEA STORE

Is now opening the very choicest

Imported and Domestic Groceries

for the Holiday trade.

ITALIAN PEACHES,
FRENCH and SPANISH OLIVES,
SARDINES,
SAP SAGO CHEESE.
FRENCH AND TURKEY PRUNES.

All Kinds of Raisins, Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Nuts and Confectionery, and another lot of fine

Now Crop Japan Teas.

IS IT YOU

Who said that you would like to get such Clothing as City People wear, rather than the *wholesale goods* commonly sold? This will tell you how to do it.

The very large increase of our business allows us to make A STILL LOWER SCALE OF PRICES, AND

You Can Save Enough

in buying a Suit at Oak Hall

TO PAY FOR THE TRIP

from anywhere in this County to the City of Philadelphia, and have a day of sight-seeing besides. Wanamaker & Brown stand by this Statement, and so will you after one trial.

Character of the Goods we sell! For Men & Boys. TO be sure of what we sell we manufacture our goods, some of them in our own building. They are well cut, sewed and finished. They can be relied upon. Storekeepers out of the city misrepresent us when they say they sell our goods, as *we do not wholesale*, but confine ourselves to retail. We bear no ill-will to any one, and state this only because some dealers sell poor goods as coming from our house. To each of our customers we are responsible for articles bought of us. By our plan of Ticketing the *right names* of the materials on our goods, no one can be misled as to qualities.

How Wanamaker & Brown treat their CUSTOMERS. THE price in plain figures and *nothing off*. The same price to acquaintances and strangers. To city people and country people equal advantages. With each article sold, a Guarantee is given, that the Price is as low as it can be bought anywhere, and that the quality is as represented; also, that the money will be paid back in full, if purchaser within 10 days wishes, for any reason, to return the goods, unworn.

Exactly where the Store Is. THIS is important indeed, because, unprincipled people having stores in Philadelphia, constantly *copied* our signs, cards, advertisements, and stop strangers on the street, *with false directions* about where the store is, so that they may sell their counterfeit goods. There is but one Oak Hall in Philadelphia, it is a large building, the size of four ordinary stores, and is on the South-east corner of SIXTH—SIXTH—SIXTH—SIXTH—SIXTH—SIXTH and Market Streets.

Those who cannot come to the City. WE send patterns of material and prices by mail when requested. Persons can have any article made, and the entire goods sent, by sending their measure (we furnish easy directions that any one can measure by,) and describing color wanted, and price desired. Payment can be made to the Express Co. on receipt of goods, and the privilege of examining them is allowed before paying. Where goods do not please, we will return the money and pay the expressage back to Philadelphia.

You should be sure to see our name on the Building and over the door as you enter.

WANAMAKER & BROWN.

GEORGE A. CLARK,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Dealer in Law Blanks, Sunday School Libraries, Depository of the Pennsylvania Bible Society,

WINDOW CURTAINS, WALL PAPER, PICTURE FRAMES, REWARD CARDS.

Books and supplies not on hand can be furnished

On Short Notice at the Most Reasonable Rates.

Store in Exchange Hotel Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.

Oct. 8, 1875—

TOWN AND COUNTRY.

E. F. KUNKEL'S BITTER WINE OF IRON.

It has never been known to fail in the cure of weakness attended with symptoms, indisposition to exertion, loss of memory, difficulty of breathing, weakness, horror of disease, night sweats, cold feet, dimness of vision, languor, universal lassitude of the muscular system, enormous appetite, with dyspeptic symptoms, hot hands, flushing of the body, dryness of the face, pain in the back, heaviness of the eyelids, frequent black spots flying before the eyes, with suffusion and loss of sight, want of attention, etc. Sold only in $1 bottles. Get the genuine. Depot and office, 259 North Ninth Street, Philadelphia. Advice free. Ask for E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron, and take no other. Genuine sold only in $1 bottles.

NERVOUS DEBILITY! NERVOUS DEBILITY!

Debility, a depressed, irritable state of mind, a weak, nervous, exhausted feeling, no energy or animation, confused head, weak memory, the consequences of excesses, mental overwork. This nervous debility finds a sovereign cure in E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron. It tones the system, dispels the mental gloom and dyspondency, and rejuvenates the entire system. Sold only in $1 bottles. Get the genuine Office, North Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by all druggists. Ask for E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron, and take no other. Genuine sold only in $1 bottles.

TAPE WORM.

Removed alive, with head complete, in from two to three hours. No fee till removed, by Dr. Kunkel, 259 North Ninth street, Philadelphia. Seat, pin and stomach worms also removed. Call and see. Advice free. Send for circular, or ask your druggist for Kunkel's Worm Syrup. Price $1. It never fails

—o—

Schenck's Pulmonic syrup, for the cure of consumption, coughs and colds.

The great virtue of this medicine is that it ripens the matter and throws it out of the system, purifies the blood, and thus effects a cure.

Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic, for the cure of dyspepsia, indigestion, &c.

The Tonic produces a healthy action of the stomach, creating an appetite, forming chyle, and curing the most obstinate cases of indigestion.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills, for the cure of liver complaint, &c.

These pills are alterative, and produce a healthy action of the liver without the least danger, as they are free from calomel, and yet more efficacious in restoring a healthy action of the liver.

These remedies are a certain cure for consumption as the pulmonic syrup ripens the matter and purifies the blood. The mandrake pills act upon the liver, create a healthy tide, and remove all diseases of the liver, often a cause of consumption. The sea weed tonic gives tone and strength to the stomach, makes a good digestion, and enables the organs to form good blood, and thus creates a healthy circulation of healthy blood. The combined action of these medicines, as thus explained, will cure every case of consumption, if taken in time and the use of the medicines persevered in.

Dr

Agricultural.

THE FARMER'S SON.

A farmer and his little child
Walked out one summer morn,
Through meadow land and forest land,
And fields of golden corn.

"See, child," the sturdy farmer said,
"How fair the growing grain!
'Twill make thy father rich and free,
When winter comes again."

Then plucked he at the golden corn,
The little, gentle lad,
And kissed it: "Bless the corn," he said,
"That makes my father glad."

"Nay, child," he smiled upon his boy;
"The fair grain does its best;
Yet as it grows and ripens here,
Grows but God's holiest."

Then raised the lad his little hand,
And forest his curly head:
"Bless God! He loves my father dear,
He loves us all," he said.

The sturdy farmer's eyes were wet,
"Amen!" them whispered he;
"I'll care I pray, but bless the Lord,
Who gave my son to me!"

A Vast Estate In Kansas.

Mr. George Grant's Farm of 576,000 Acres —Thousands of Sheep and Cows.

Among the prominent visitors at the fair is Mr. George Grant, of Victoria county, Kansas, the owner of the largest farm in the world, with the exception, perhaps, of the Duke of Sutherland, whose broad acres consist largely of hill and heather. Mr. Grant's domain covers 576,000 acres in the heart of Kansas, about 200 miles west of Kansas City to Fort Hays, the centre of the tract. His effort is to establish a model farm, for which great credit is due him, as well as for his successful efforts in introducing imported stock, and showing the results in crossing imported with native stock, and also the best method of sheltering and feeding cattle in winter. Mr. Grant is going to Europe in bout five weeks to arrange for the bringing out of more people and a large portion of high bred stock, which he will exhibit at the Centennial, with the intention ultimately of shipping it to Victoria. Mr. Grant states that one herd of eighty one short horns of the Booth strain sold five weeks ago at the sale of the late Mr. Torr's property in England at an average price from young to old of $3,000. They were of the same family that he has at Victoria, and many of the animals were brought to America.

Mr. Grant's colony has largely swelled this season by immigrants, and another English company has bought 40,000 acres adjoining the Victoria colony. One of the New York Gunthers has started with 5,000 acres and Mr. Dickinson, of St. Louis, has bought two square miles, and is out there now making arrangements for putting up a house. Mr. Grant says he is more than satisfied with the produce of his crop this season.

The rains have been abundant, but last year the grasshoppers swept everything. One field of eighty acres of Hungarian grass on his farm has produced 760 tons of fodder and 5,114 bushels of seed, giving a profit of more than 500 per cent on the cost of putting in the seed. He put in 300 acres of alfalfa, a kind of fodder much used in California. The land will grow three crops of this grass in a year, at the rate of six tons to the acre, but it affects a deep, dry soil. Mr. Grant has increased his flock of sheep to 16,000, and has 1,000 cows. In less than five years he expects to increase his sheep to 100,000. His wool alone this season brought $11,700 in Boston at 33 cents per pound. Sheep farming is evidently destined to be a profitable business in Kansas.

BRINE THAT WILL PRESERVE BUTTER A YEAR.—Among the many devices for keeping butter in a manner that will preserve the fresh rosy flavor of the new with all its sweetness, is the following from the *Duchess Farmer*, which is said to be entirely successful:

"To three gallons of brine, strong enough to bear an egg, add a quarter of a pound of nice white sugar, and one tablespoonful of saltpetre. Boil the brine, and when it is cold, strain carefully. Make your butter into rolls and wrap each separately in a clean white mulsin cloth, tying up with a string. Pack a large jar full, weigh the butter down, and pour over the brine until it is submerged. This will keep really good butter perfectly sweet and fresh a whole year. Be careful not to put upon ice, butter that you wish to keep for any length of time. In summer when the heat will not admit of butter being made into rolls, pack closely in small jars, and using the same brine, allow it to cover the butter to the depth of at least four inches. This excludes the air, and answers very well, as the first method suggested."

EVERLASTING FENCE POST.—A correspondent of the *Western Rural* says:

"I discovered many years ago that wood could be made to last longer than iron in the ground, but thought the process so simple and inexpensive that it was not worth making any stir about it. I would as soon have poplar, basswood or quacking ash as any other kind of timber, for fence posts. I have taken out basswood posts after having been set seven years, that were as sound when taken up as they were when first put in the ground. Time and weather seem to have no effect on them. The posts can be prepared for less than two cents a piece. For the benefit of others I will give you the receipt Take boiled linseed oil and stir it in pulverized charcoal to a paint. Put a coat of this over the timber, and there is not a man that will live to see it rotten."

THE DANGER OF WET COAL.—The people who prefer wetting the winter's store of coal to lay the dust, on putting it in their cellars, do not, we believe, generally know that they are laying up for themselves a store of sore throats and other evils consequent upon the practice. But so it is said to be. Even the fire damp which escapes from coal mines arises from the slow decomposition of coal at temperatures but little above that of the atmosphere, but augmented pressure. By wetting a mass of freshly broken coal and putting it into a warm cellar the mass is heated to such a degree that carburetted sulphuretted hydrogen are given off for long periods of time and pervade the whole house. The liability of wet coal to mischievous results under such circumstances on record of the combustion of wet coal when stowed into the bunkers or holds of vessels. And from this cause doubtless many missing coal vessels have perished.

HOW TO GET RID OF STUMPS.—Gen. Colquitt, of Georgia, in a recent address, said to remove stumps from a field, all that is necessary is to have one or more sheet iron chimneys, some four or five feet high. Set fire to the stump and place the chimney over it, so as to give the requisite draft at the bottom. It will draw like a stove. The stump will soon be consumed. With several such chimneys, of different sizes, the removal of stumps may be accomplished at merely nominal labor and expense.—*Maryland Farmer.*

At a young ladies' seminary, recently, during an examination in history, one of the pupils was interrogated thus: "Mary, did Martin Luther die a natural death?" "No," was the reply, "He was excommunicated by a bull."

Young Folks.

THE FOX AND THE GRAPES.—A fox, just at the time of the vintage, stole into a vineyard where the ripe sunny grapes were trellised up on high in most tempting show. He made many a spring and a jump after the luscious prize; but, failing in all his attempts, he muttered as he retreated, "Well! what does it matter! The grapes are sour!"

THE FOX AND THE LION.—A Fox who had never seen a Lion, when by chance he met him for the first time, was so terrified that he almost died of fright. When he met him the second time, he was still afraid, but managed to disguise his fear. When he saw him the third time, he was so much emboldened that he went up to him and asked him how he did.

Familiarity breeds contempt.

THE FAWN AND HER MOTHER.—A fawn one day said to her mother, "Mother, you are bigger than a dog, and swifter and better-winded, and you have horns to defend yourself; how is it that you are so afraid of the hounds?" She smiled and said, "All this, my child, I know; but no sooner do I hear a dog bark than somehow or other my heels take me off as fast as they can carry me."

There is no arguing a coward into courage.

THE FLIES AND THE HONEY-POT.—A Pot of honey having been upset in a grocer's shop, the Flies came around it in swarms to eat it up, nor would they move from the spot while there was a drop left. At length their feet became so clogged that they could not fly away, and stifled in the luscious sweets they exclaimed, "Miserable creatures that we are, who, for the sake of an hour's pleasure, have thrown away our lives!"

A MULE.—A Mule that had grown fat and wanton on too great an allowance of corn, was one day jumping and kicking about and at length, cocking up her tail, exclaimed, "My dam was a Racer, and I am quite as good as ever she was." But being soon knocked up with her galloping and frisking, she remembered all at once that her sire was but an Ass.

Every truth has two sides; it is well to look at both, before we commit ourselves to either.

THE ANT AND THE GRASSHOPPER.—On a cold, frosty day an ant was dragging out some of the corn which he had laid up in summer time, to dry it. A grasshopper, half-perished with hunger, besought the ant to give him a morsel of it to preserve his life. "What were you doing," said the ant, "this last summer?" "Oh," said the grasshopper, "I was not idle. I kept singing all the summer long." Said the ant, laughing and shutting up his granary, "Since you could sing all summer, you may dance all winter."

Winter finds out what summer lays by.

THE FIGHTING COCKS AND THE EAGLE.—Two young cocks were fighting as fiercely as if they had been men. At last the one that was beaten crept into a corner of the hen-house, covered with wounds. But the conqueror, straightway flying to the top of the house, began clapping his wings and crowing, to announce his victory. At this moment an Eagle, sailing by, seized him in his talons and bore him away; while the defeated rival came out from his hiding place, and took possession of the dunghill for which they had contended.

THE ONE-EYED DOE.—A Doe that had but one eye used to graze near the sea, and that she might be the more secure from attack, kept her eye towards the land against the approach of the hunters, and her blind side towards the sea, whence she feared no danger. But some sailors rowing by in a boat and seeing her, aimed at her from the water and shot her. When at her last gasp, she sighed to herself: "Illfated creature that I am! I was safe on the land side, whence I expected to be attacked, but find an enemy in the sea, to which I most looked for protection."

Our troubles often come from the quarter whence we least expect them.

THE FOX AND THE GOAT.—A fox had fallen into a well, and had been casting about for some time how he should get out again; when at length a goat came to the place, and wanting to drink, asked Reynard whether the water was good and if there was plenty of it. The fox, dissembling the real danger of his cause, replied, "Come down, my friend; the water is so good that I cannot drink enough of it, and so abundant that it cannot be exhausted." Upon this the goat without any more ado leaped in; when the fox, taking advantage of his friend's horns, nimbly leaped out, and coolly remarked to the poor, deluded goat, "if you had half as much brains as you have beard, you would have looked before you leaped."

THE LION AND THE BOWMAN.—A man who was very skilful with his bow went up into the mountain to hunt. At his approach there was instantly a great consternation and rout among all the wild beasts, the lion alone showing any determination to fight. "Stop," said the bowman, "and await my messenger, who has something to say to you." With that he sent an arrow after the lion and wounded him in the side. The lion, smarting with anguish, fled into the depth of the thickets; but a fox, seeing him run, bade him to take courage and face his enemy. "No," said the lion, "you will not persuade me to that; for if the messenger he sends is so sharp, what must be the power of him who sends it!"

THE WOLF AND THE CRANE.—A Wolf had got a bone stuck in his throat, and in the greatest agony ran up and down, beseeching every animal he met to relieve him: at the same time hinting at a very handsome reward to the successful operator. A Crane, moved by his entreaties and promises, ventured her long neck down the Wolf's throat, and drew out the bone. She then modestly asked for the promised reward. To which, the Wolf, grinning and showing his teeth, replied with seeming indignation. "Ungrateful creature! to ask for any other reward than that you have put your head into a Wolf's jaws, and brought it safe out again!"

Those who are charitable only in the hope of a return, must not be surprised if, in their dealings with evil men, they meet with more jeers than thanks.

THE FISHERMAN PIPING.—A Man who cared more for his notes than his nets, seeing some fish in the sea, began playing on his pipe, thinking that they would jump out on shore. But finding himself disappointed, he took a casting-net, and enclosing a multitude of fish, drew them to land. When he saw the fish dancing and flapping about, he, smiled and said, "Since you would not dance when I piped, I will have none of your dancing now."

It is a great art to do the right thing at the right season.

Mystery Solved.

THE GREAT SECRET OF THE WONDERFUL

SUCCESS OF VEGETINE.

It strikes at the root of disease by purifying the blood, restoring the liver and kidneys to healthy action, invigorating the nervous system.

RELIABLE EVIDENCE.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:—

DEAR SIR—I will most cheerfully add my testimony to the great number you have already received in favor of your great and good medicine, Vegetine, for I do not think enough can be said in its praise, for I was troubled over thirty years with that dreadful disease, scarrh, and had such coughing spells that it would seem as though I could never breathe any more, and Vegetine has cured me; and I do feel to thank God all the time there is so good a medicine as Vegetine, and I also think it one of the best medicines for coughs and weak sinking feelings at the stomach, and advise everybody to take the Vegetine, for I can assure them that it is one of the best medicines that ever was. Mrs. L. GOFF,
Cor. Magazine and Walnut sts.
Cambridge, Mass.

THOUSANDS SPEAK.

Vegetine is acknowledged and recommended by physicians and apothecaries to be the best purifier and cleanser of the blood yet discovered and thousands speak in its praise who have been restored to health.

REPORT FROM A PRACTICAL CHEMIST AND APOTHECARY.

Boston, Jan. 1, 1874.

DEAR SIR—This is to certify that I have sold at retail 1543 dozen (1852 bottles) of your Vegetine since April 12, 1870, and can truly say that I have given the best satisfaction of any remedy for the complaints for which it is recommended that I ever sold. Scarcely a day passes without some of my customers testifying to its merits on themselves or their friends. I am perfectly cognizant of several cases of scrofulous tumors being cured by Vegetine alone in this vicinity. Very respectfully yours,
A. GILMAN,
468 Broadway.

To H. R. STEVENS, Esq.

VEGETINE

WILL CLEANSE SCROFULA FROM THE SYSTEM.

HONEST OPINION.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:—

DEAR SIR—This is to show that my son was taken sick in January, 1864, with Scrofula, which came out in large sores and ulcers on his leg and hip. His leg was swelled more than twice its natural size. He had several doctors of high standing in their profession—two from Boston and three from Charlestown—without getting a bit better. He was obliged to lie wherever he was placed, for he had no use of his limbs whatever. When we had given up all hopes of his living we were told to try Vegetine, the great blood remedy; and he had taken it but a short time before we could see a great change. The sores run so bad that we had to change the cloths four or five times a day. Still, he was getting better; for he could move his limbs and help himself a little. He was soon able to sit up in bed, and, by constant use of Vegetine, it has cured him. He has a lame leg, which he will probably have for life; but we all honestly believe, if we had used Vegetine before we had bothered with those doctors, it would have saved the use of his leg, and restored it to natural health. I hope all those troubled with Scrofula will read this testimony of me and my son, who is now well and able to speak for himself

CATHERINE MAHONEY,
DANIEL MAHONEY,
19 Trenton St., Charlestown, Mass.

May 10, 1872.

The above plain but honest statement conclusively shows the quick and thorough cleansing effects of the VEGETINE in Scrofula.

Vegetine is acknowledged by all classes of people to be the best and most reliable blood purifier in the world.

Vegetine is Sold by All Druggists.

Dec. 17.-1m

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Plumbers Gas and Steam Fitters

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Jan. 15,'75-1y. THE TRIBUNE, New York.

ADVERTISING: Cheap: Good: Systematic.—All persons who contemplate making contracts with newspapers for the insertion of advertisements, should send 25 cents to Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 41 Park Row, New York, for their PAMPHLET-BOOK (ninety-seventh edition,) containing lists of over 2000 newspapers and estimates, showing the cost. Advertisements taken for leading papers in many States at a tremendous reduction from publishers' rates. GET THE BOOK. Jan. 15'75-1y.

$5 TO $20 per day. Agents wanted. All classes of working people of both sexes, young and old, make more money at work for us in their own localities, during their spare moments, or all the time, than at any thing else. We offer employment that will pay handsomely for every hour's work. Full particulars, terms, &c., send us your address at once. Don't delay. Now is the time. Don't look for work or business elsewhere, until you have learned what we offer. G. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. Jan. 15'75-1y.

$1,200 PROFIT on $100

Invested in Stock Privileges in Wall Street. Books and circulars telling "How the deal is done," sent free. Address BAXTER & Co., Bankers, 17 Wall St., New York. July 8,'75-6m

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Sarsaparilla

Is widely known as one of the most effectual remedies ever discovered for cleansing the system and purifying the blood. It has stood the test of years, with a constantly growing reputation, based on its intrinsic virtues, and sustained by its remarkable cures. So mild as to be safe and beneficial to children, and yet so searching as to effectually purge out the great corruptions of the blood, such as the scrofulous and syphilitic contamination. Impurities, or diseases that have lurked in the system for years, soon yield to this powerful antidote, and disappear. Hence its wonderful cures, many of which are publicly known, of **Scrofula**, and all scrofulous diseases, **Ulcers, Eruptions,** and eruptive disorders of the skin, **Tumors, Blotches, Boils, Pimples, Pustules, Sores, St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm,** and internal **Ulcerations of the Uterus, Stomach, and Liver.** It also cures other complaints, to which it would not seem especially adapted, such as **Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Fits, Neuralgia, Heart Disease, Female Weakness, Debility,** and **Leucorrhœa,** when they are manifestations of the scrofulous poisons.

It is an excellent restorer of health and strength in the Spring. By renewing the appetite and vigor of the digestive organs, it dissipates the depression and listless languor of the season. Even where no disorder appears, people feel better, and live longer, for cleansing the blood. The system moves on with renewed vigor and a new lease of life.

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which he is prepared to make to order into any kind of clothing, on very short notice, and in the best manner. All his clothing is made to wear and most of it is of home manufacture.

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In connection with his stock of Mercnandise he constantly keeps on hand in his yard,

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Formerly Bloomsburg Iron and Manufacturing company), where will be kept constantly on hand a large assortment of

White and Red Ash Anthracite Coal,

FOR DOMESTIC PURPOSES, AND

CUPULO, BLACKSMITH AND BITUMINOUS COAL,

at prices to suit the trade. All Coal specially prepared before leaving the Yard. Also

Plows and Threshing Machines,

and all kinds of

Casting and Machine Work.

REPAIRING promptly attended to. They would respectfully solicit the Patronage of the Public.

G. M. & J. K. LOCKARD,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

Oct. 8, '75—1y

MARBLE WORKS.

T. L. GUNTON, Proprietor,

MAIN STREET, BELOW MARKET.

Manufacturer of and Dealer in all kinds of

MONUMENTAL MARBLE WORKS

We use the best AMERICAN and ITALIAN Marble. He has on hand and furnishes to order

MONUMENTS,
TOMBS,
HEADSTONES,
URNS, VASES, &c.

Every variety of Marble cutting neatly executed at the lowest market prices.

A long practical experience and personal attention to business makes the proprietor confident of giving satisfaction. All orders by mail promptly attended to. P. O. box 227.

☞ *N. B.—Work delivered free of charge.* ☜

Aug. 21, '74-1y. T. L. GUNTON, Proprietor.

8,00 PER TON.

PELICAN

GUANO

REGISTERED TRADE-MARK.

A sea fowl deposit imported exclusively by ourselves from South America.

SOLUBLE

MARINE GUANO.

Ammoniated Super-Phosphate.

Analysis on each bag and quality guaranteed. See samples and circulars, on hand by dealers generally.

JOSIAH J. ALLEN'S SONS,

No. 4 S. Delaware Avenue Philadelphia.

aug. 20-9t

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

N. E. Corner Second and Arch Streets,

PHILADELPHIA,

Dealers in

TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES

RICE, SPICES, BICARB SODA, &C., &C.

☞ Orders will receive prompt attention.

g1,7-tf

WIFE NO. 19.

OR

Y ANN ELIZA YOUNG,

Brigham Young's rebellious wife

The only complete expose of all the SECRETS of BRIGHAM'S HAREM ever written. Born in Mormonism, ANN ELIZA now exposes to the world, as no other woman can, the SECRETS, MYSTERIES and CRIMES of the horrible system of polygamy, from the very beginning. Nearly 200 illustrations beautify the work. It is the best selling book published. 19,000 more men and women can have employment, and make from $5 to $10 daily. ALL LIVE AGENTS are WILLING for illustrated circulars with LARGE TERMS. Sent free. Do not delay, but address

DUSTIN, GILMAN & CO., Hartford Ct.

FORTUNES

Of $100,000, $50,000, $20,000, $10,000, $5,000 with other smaller sums are paid in the Wyoming Lottery, which is conducted by sworn commissioners and duly legalized by the Wyoming Legislature. Regular drawings 15th and 30th of each month during the year. Tickets $1 each, 6 for $5, 26 for $20. Circulars with full information mailed free.

ALLEN & CO., 79 NASSAU ST., NEW YORK.

Sep. 17,-6m.

PAPER BAGS

FOR SALE

AT THE COLUMBIA OFFICE.

SUI GENERIS.

MASON & HAMLIN

CABINET ORGANS.

UNEQUALED for highest excellence, UNAPPROACHED in capacity and excellence by any others. Awarded

THREE HIGHEST MEDALS

AND DIPLOMA OF HONOR AT

VIENNA, 1873; PARIS, 1867.

ONLY American Organs ever awarded any medal in Europe, or which present such extraordinary excellence as to command a wide sale there.

ALWAYS awarded highest premiums at Industrial Expositions, in America as well as Europe. Out of hundreds there have not been six in all where any other organs have been preferred.

BEST Declared by Eminent Musicians, in both hemispheres, to be unrivaled. See TESTIMONIAL CIRCULAR, with opinions of more than One Thousand (sent free).

INSIST on having a Mason & Hamlin. Do not take any other. Dealers get LARGER COMMISSIONS for selling inferior organs, and for this reason often try very hard to sell something else.

NEW STYLES with most important improvements ever made. New Solo and Combination Stops. Superb Etagere and other Cases of new designs.

PIANO-HARP CABINET ORGAN An exquisite combination of these instruments.

EASY PAYMENTS. Organs sold for cash; or for monthly or quarterly payments; or rented until rent pays for the organ.

CATALOGUES and Circulars, with full particulars, free. Address MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO., 154 Tremont Street, BOSTON; 25 Union Square, NEW YORK; or 80 & 82 Adams St., CHICAGO.

MASON & HAMLIN

CABINET ORGANS

MAY BE OBTAINED AT

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL

OF

L. B. POWELL,

SCRANTON, Pa.

General Agent also for the celebrated

CHICKERING PIANOS.

ALSO, OF

I. K. MILLER,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

Dealer in above Instruments.

March 19, '75—y

NEW GOODS!

A HEAVY STOCK,

Cheaper than Ever!

S. H. MILLER & SON

Have Just Received

the largest and best supply of

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE

DRY GOODS,

They have ever offered to their friends and customers.

Cloths, Cassimeres, and Satinetts

for MEN'S WEAR,

Cloths, Alapacas, Merinos,

for LADIES' WEAR,

CALICOES, MUSLINS, CAMBRICS,

and every variety of Dry Goods desired.

STOCK OF

Carpets, Mats, Ottomans,

CLOSED OUT AT COST

FAMILY GROCERIES,

including all the varieties of

COFFEES, TEAS and SUGARS,

COUNTRY PRODUCE,

and a general supply of articles useful for the table always on hand.

CALL AND SEE.

Country produce of all kinds taken in exchange for goods at cash prices.

Oct. 30,'74—tf

FARMERS TAKE NOTICE!

It is of great importance to you what kind of manure you apply to your Wheat Lands this fall. If you want a good crop of Wheat next season, and a heavy crop of Grass to follow, use,

BAUGH'S

TRADE MARK

Raw Bone Super Phosphate

STANDARD WARRANTED.

Put up in 200lb bags.

The base of this Old Established Article is Raw or Unburned Bones, and its strength cannot be exhausted with the crop of Wheat, but will prove effective on the following crop of Grass, and will also permanently improve the soil.

Farmers look to your own interests and prove if what we say about

Baugh's Raw Bone Phosphate

is true or false, and notify us of the result. Make application for it early to your nearest Dealer in Manures, and if you cannot secure it through them, send your orders direct to your friends

BAUGH & SONS,

Aug. 10-2t. PHILADELPHIA & BALTIMORE.

IRON IN THE BLOOD.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP vitalizes and enriches the blood, tones up the system, builds up the broken down, cures dyspepsia debility, dropsy, chills and fevers, chronic diarrhœa, nervous affections, boils humors, diseases of the kidneys and bladder, female complaints, &c.

Thousands have been changed by the use of the remedy from weak, sickly, suffering creatures, to strong, healthy, happy men and women; and invalids cannot reasonably hesitate to give it a trial. CAUTION.—Be sure you get the "PERUVIAN SYRUP" (not Peruvian Bark). Sold by dealers generally. A 32-page pamphlet, containing a treatise on iron as a medical agent and other valuable papers, testimonials from distinguished physicians, clergymen and others, will be sent free to any address. SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, proprietors, 86 Harrison Avenue, Boston.

BLATCHLEY'S Improved CUCUMBER WOOD PUMP is the acknowledged standard of the market, by popular vote, the best pump for the least money. Attention is invited to Blatchley's Improved Bracket, the Drop check valve, which can be withdrawn without disturbing the joints, and the copper chamber which never cracks, scales or rusts and will last a life time. For sale by dealers and the trade generally. In order to be sure that you get Blatchley's pump, be careful and see that it has my trade mark as above. If you do not knowwhere to buy, descriptive circulars, together with the name and address of the agent nearest you will be furnished by addressing with stamp,

CHAS. G. BLATCHLEY, Manufacturer,
80, Commerce St., Philadelphia.

FOR SALE BY

J. SCHUYLER & SON, Bloomsburg, Pa.

March 5 '75-9m

THIS PAPER IS ON FILE WITH

ROWELL & CHESMAN Advertising Agents,

THIRD & CHESTNUT STS., ST. LOUIS, MO

BUSINESS CARDS,
VISITING CARDS,
LETTER HEADS,
BILL HEADS,
POSTERS, &C., &C.,

Neatly and Cheaply printed at the COLUMBIAN Office.

CHEAP

JOB PRINTING

AT THE

COLUMBIAN OFFICE.

The Columbian Printing Establishment is amply supplied with the necessary Presses, Types and other material for executing all kinds of Printing at low rates and in the most expeditious and satisfactory manner.

CALL AT THE

Columbian Building.

COURT HOUSE ALLEY,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

When special material is required it will be promptly obtained.

Books and Pamphlets,
Hand-Bills and Dodgers,
Large and Small Posters,
Letter and Bill Heads,
Envelopes with Business Cards,
Bussiness, Pic Nic, Wedding and Visiting Cards,
Programmes, Bills of Fare, &c.

Will all be supplied and excuted in superior style, at cheap rates and short notice.

The best workmen are employed and the best material will always be furnished.

A liberal share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

BLOOMSBURG, JUNE 18, 1875.

RAIL ROAD TIME TABLES

PHILADELPHA AND READING ROAD

ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.

MAY 3d, 1875.

TRAINS LEAVE RUPERT AS FOLLOWS (SUNDAY EXCEPTED

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville Tamaqua, &c., 11,38 a. m
For Catawissa, 11,38 a. m. and 7,36 p. m.
For Williamsport, 6,38 a. m. and 4,06 p. m.

TRAINS FOR RUPERT LEAVE AS FOLLOWS, (SUNDAY EXCEPTED.)

Leave New York, 9,15 a. m.
Leave Philadelphia, 9,15 a. m.
Leave Reading, 11,5 a. m., Pottsville, 12,10 p. m and Tamaqua, 1,30 p. m.
Leave Catawissa, 6,30 a. m. and 4,00 p. m.
Leave Williamsport, 9,20 a. m. and 5,00 p. m.
Passengers to and from and Philadelphia go through without change of cars.

J. E. WOOTEN,
May 8, 1874—tf. General Superint endent.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

On and after November 20th, 1873, trains will leave SUNBURY as follows:

NORTHWARD.

Erie Mail 8,30 a. m., arrive Elmira.....11.50 a. m
" Canandaigua.... 3.35 p. m
" Rochester..... 5.15 "
" Niagara..... 9.40 "
Renovo accommodation 11.10 a. m. arrive Williamsport 12.55 p. m.
Elmira Mail 4.15 a. m., arrive Elmira 10.00 a. m.
Buffalo Express 7.35 a. m. arrive Buffalo 8.50 a. m.

SOUTHWARD.

Buffalo Express 2.50 a. m. arrive Harrisburg 4.50 a. m
" Baltimore 8.40 "
Elmira Mail 11.15 a. m., arrive Harrisburg 1.50 p. m
" Washington 10.50 "
" Baltimore 6.30 "
" Washington 8.30 "
Harrisburg accommodation 8.40 p. m. arrive Harrisburg 10.50 p. m.
arrive Baltimore 2.25 a. m
" Washington 6.13 "
Erie Mail 12.55 a. m. arrive Harrisburg 3.05 a. m.
" Baltimore 8.40 "
" Washington 10.35 "
All daily except Sunday.

D. M. BOYD, Jr., General Passenger Agent
A. J. CASSATT, General Manager

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division.

WINTER TIME TABLE.

ON and after SUNDAY, NOV. 21, 1875, the trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Rail Road Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

FAST LINE	leaves	New York		9 25 a. m
"	"	Philadelphia		12.55 p. m
"	"	Baltimore		1.20 p. m
"	"	Harrisburg		5.00 p. m
"	arr. at	Williamsport		8.55 p. m
"	"	Lock Haven		10.20 p. m
"	"	Bellefonte		11.50 p. m
ERIE MAIL	leaves	New York		m
"	"	Philadelphia		m
"	"	Baltimore		9.00 p. m
"	"	Harrisburg		4.30 a. m
"	"	Williamsport		8.25 a. m
"	"	Lock Haven		9.45 a. m
"	"	Renovo		11.05 a. m
"	arr. at	Erie		7.0 p m
LIMITED	MAIL	leaves	Philadelphia	7.20 a. m
"	"	"	Baltimore	7.50 a. m
"	"	"	Harrisburg	10.45 a. m
"	"	arr. at	Williamsport	2.27 p. m
"	"	"	Lock Haven	3.50 p. m
"	"	"	Renovo	4.35 p. m
LOCK HAVEN	leaves	Philadelphia		8.00 a. m
"	"	"	Baltimore	8.30 a. m
"	"	"	Harrisburg	1.25 p. m
"	"	arr. at	Williamsport	6.10 p. m
"	"	"	Lock Haven	7.30 p. m

EASTWARD.

PHILA EXPRESS	leaves	Lock Haven		6.40 a. m
"	"	"	Williamsport	7.25 a. m
"	"	arrives at	Harrisburg	11.35 a. m
"	"	"	Baltim